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COUNTY BOROUGH OF MIDDLESBROUGH.



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE YEAR

1949,

BY

CHARLES L. ELDER, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H.

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MEMBERS OF THE HEALTH COMMITTEE, 1949-1950.

Chairman:—Alderman J. W. WELCH, J.P.

HIS WORSHIF THE MAYOR (ALDERMAN E. TURNER, J.P.).

COMMITTEE-

Alderman L. G. Allen. Councillor W. Eckert. Alderman Mrs. L. Burton. Councillor Mrs. E. A. GAUNT. Alderman A. H. Cocks. Councillor J. GILMORE, J.P. Alderman T. Curran. Councillor Mrs. M. B. GOODMAN. Alderman T. MEEHAN, O.B.E., J.P. Councillor Mrs. V. M. Gray. Alderman J. NUGENT. Councillor J. W. Hogg. Alderman F. C. Pette, J.P. Councillor R. H. Johnson. Alderman B. RAMSEY. Councillor B. King. Alderman W. RANDALL. Councillor F. J. Longstaff, J.P. Councillor J. G. BOOTHBY. Councillor J. Loughran. Councillor J. A. Brown. Councillor F. A. Mellanby. Councillor J. W. Nunn. Councillor A. E. Crass. Councillor A. T. Crosby. Councillor N. Peters. Councillor Mrs. M. R. Daniel. Councillor Mrs. M. SAGAR. Councillor Mrs. E. Devenport. Councillor E. VALENTINE. Councillor G. D. DIXON. Councillor Mrs. A. Wain. Councillor A. A. Duck.

CO-OPTED MEMBERS:

Dr. B. F. Longbotham.
Dr. C. Rudd.
Mr. D. Berry.
Mr. A. Cooper.
Mr. H. Skerry.
Miss H. Kirkbride.

Mr. R. Cox. Mr. J. Dunford. Mr. C. W. L. Heaton. Mr. F. T. R. Hollings. Councillor W. H. Loraine.

MEMBERS OF THE SANITARY AND BATHS COMMITTEE, 1949-1950.

Chairman:—Alderman A. H. COCKS.

HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR (Alderman E. TURNER, J.P.).

COMMITTEE:

Alderman L. G. ALLEN.
Alderman J. S. BOLTON.
Alderman L. TAYLOR.
Councillor J. M. ANDERTON.
Councillor J. G. BOOTHBY.
Councillor J. S. BRADDY, J.P.
Councillor A. T. CROSBY.
Councillor W. FLYNN.
Councillor H. O'KANE.

Councillor E. A. DICKINSON.
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Councillor T. GENT.
Councillor Mrs. M. B. GOODMAN.
Councillor R. H. JOHNSON.
Councillor F. A. MELLANBY.
Councillor M. C. NEWTON.
Councillor W. WILSON.

STAFF OF THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT, 1949.

Medical Officer of Health and Chief Medical Adviser:—
CHARLES L. ELDER, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health:— J. C. Birchall, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Senior Assistant Medical Officer of Health:—
A. W. Mearns, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (From 1.5.49).

Senior Assistant Medical Officer of Health for Maternity and Child Welfare:—

BETHIA M. NEWLANDS, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Tuberculosis Medical Officer:—
* M. Walton, M.D., D.P.H.

Assistant Medical Officers of Health for Maternity and Child Welfare:—

ELIZABETH WEBSTER, M.B., B.S. * MARY W. COOPER, M.B., B.S. (From 26.9.49).

Health Visitors :-

- R. M. White, S.R.N., R.S.C.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.—(Superintendent).
- A. Bendelow, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. (To 31.10.49).
- M. Buchanan, S.R.N., S.C.M., Q.N., H.V. Cert.
- E. A. CLARKE, S.R.N. R.F.N., S.C.M. (Part I), H.V. Cert.
- M. M. DALY, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- H. M. DIBDEN, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Part. I), H.V. Cert.
- L. L. Dyer, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- S. P. HAGGERTY, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- O. M. Hobson, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- M. E. HOPKINS, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- K. IMESON, R.S.C.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- E. F. W. Jones, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Part I), H.V. Cert.
- F. M. LAMB, S.R.N., R.F.N., S.C.M. (Part I), H.V. Cert.
- M. M. LUTENER, S.R.N., R.F.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- M. E. Mason, s.R.N., s.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- I. I. Mathison, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- I. Paling, s.l.n., s.c.m., t.a., h.v. Cert. (To 31.8.49).
- E. M. RAPP, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- I. Roden, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert,
- E. Walsh, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- M. Walsh, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert.
- M. Woolcock, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. (To 1.4.49).

Student Health Visitors :-

W. Page, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Part I), C.N.C. (From 1.9.49). E. S. Richardson, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Part I), (From 1.9.49).

Municipal Midwives:

- M. Robinson, S.R.N., S.C.M. (Supervisor).
- M. Abbot, S.C.M.
- J. Atkinson, S.R.N., C.M.B.
- I. Banes, s.c.m. (From 1.12.49).
- M. Brown, s.c.m.
- F. Barker, S.C.M. (To 17.4.49).
- M. Bell, s.c.m.
- M. BIRD, S.R.N., S.C.M. (From 1.6.49).
- C. Bregazzi, S.R.N., S.C.M. (From 1.1.49).
- I. Chambers, S.R.N., R.F.N., S.C.M.
- H. CLARK, S.R.N., S.C.M.
- M. Fairbairn, S.C.M.
- A. Heward, S.R.N., S.C.M.
- M. Hildon, S.R.N., S.C.M.
- L. Jackson, s.c.m.
- E. Jones, S.R.N., S.C.M.
- K. Jones, S.R.N., S.C.M. (From 30.5.49).
- V. M. Lewis, S.R.N., S.C.M.
- D. Lewis, S.R.N., R.F.N., S.C.M.
- C. McKinley, s.c.m.
- E. McIntosh, s.c.m.
- E. McMahon, S.R.N., S.C.M. (From 15.10.49).
- A. Magson, S.R.N., R.F.N., S.C.M. (To 27.10.49).
- I. MILLER, S.R.N., S.C.M. (From 1.7.49 to 30.11.49).
- A. OLDHAM, S.C.M.
- B. A. O'CONNELL, S.R.N., S.C.M.
- E. Peart, s.c.m.
- S. J. Scrimgour, S.C.M.
- V. Smithson, s.c.m. (From 5.12.49).
- D. Spencer, S.R.N., S.C.M.
- C. Stephenson, S.R.N., S.C.M.
- A. Spearey, S.R.N., S.C.M. (To 30.4.49).
- K. M. TIERNAN, S.R.N., S.C.M.
- A. A. TOWNSEND, S.C.M.

Health Department Nurses:-

- E. Howard, S.R.N.
- A. Oxbury, S.R.N., R.F.N., S.C.M.
- E. Wilson, S.R.N., S.C.M.

Tuberculosis Nurses:—

- D. E. HALL, S.R.N.
- A. S. Marsay, S.R.N., H.V. Cert. (To 30.11.49).
- D. COLTHORPE, S.R.N., S.C.M.
- G. EASON, S.R.N. (To 28.2.49).
- D. B. Morris, S.R.N. (From 1.11.49).

Tuberculosis Almoner :-

E. Nelson, S.R.N., R.F.N. (From 1.11.49).

FREDA L. McCARTHY.

Matrons Day Nurseries:-

- West Lane Nursery... I. Howe, S.R.N. . .
- R. VALENTINE, S.R.N., S.C.M.
- M. HENDERSON, S.R.N.

Welfare Centre Attendants:-

Mrs. J. M. Craggs. Mrs. F. E. Irwin.

Mental Welfare Officers :--

W. R. SIDAWAY. Mrs. L. W. SAWDON.

Blind-Home Teachers :--

Miss D. Brown. Miss G. Reaveley.

Venereal Diseases Almoner: -

Miss E. A. Hodgson.

Ambulance Officer :-

ARTHUR G. POOLEY, M.M.

Domestic Help Organiser:

Mrs. V. HEDGELAND.

Chief Clerk :-

John W. Rawdon, C.R.S.I.

Senior Clerks :-

W. H. DICKINSON. H. E. CROSBY.

Clerks and Shorthand Typists :-

R. A. Bainbridge.

A. Bryan.

V. Hughes. (From 15.7.49).

W. D. SURTEES.

D. W. TURNER.

Miss M. Robson.

Mrs. M. D. Sanderson.

Miss J. C. WOOLARD.

Miss S. Holland. (To 12.2.49).

Mrs. M. Tester.

Miss E. Edon.

Miss T. Brown.

Miss E. Brumpton. (From 4.1.49)

Miss M. D. CARR. (From 2.5.49).

Mrs. J. Cooper.

Mrs. O. Grosvenor.

Miss M. Honeywell.

Mrs. F. J. HILTON. (From 14.2.49).

Miss T. Lofthouse.

Mrs. E. C. Morphet.

Mrs. E. Nelson.

Miss E. Vallance. (To 30.7.49).

Chief Sanitary Inspector:

HENRY WHITFIELD, Mem.R.S.I., Mem.S.I.A.

Deputy Chief Sanitary Inspector:

THOMAS E. PETERSON, Mem.R.S.I., Mem.S.I.A.

Sanitary Inspectors:

ALLEN, G.

CARR, C. H. (From 1.2.49).

† CAWTHORNE, C. (From April, 1948).

† Coull, D. B.

HARRISON, L. A. (From 1.7.49).

‡ Himsworth, L.

JONES, P. F. (From 25.7.49). ‡ MONK, P. F. W.

NUNN, A.

† Tutin, D. (To 30.6.49).

Shops Inspector:

R. G. THOMPSON.

Chief Clerk:

P. E. TAGGART.

Clerks :-

Shorthand Typists:—

Jones, D. E. MARTIN, C. B. (To 28.2.49). STEWART, G. (From 21.3.49).

Evans, J. H. THOMPSON, T. H.

MILNER, MRS. K. M. Counter, Miss I. D. (From 23.5.49).

Veterinary Surgeon :-

* W. G. HAGGIE, M.R.C.V.S.

Borough Analysts:

- * E. W. Jackson, f.i.c., f.c.s., f.g.s.
- * A. Scholes, f.i.c., f.c.s.

^{*} Part Time.

[†] Meat Certificate of R.S.I.

[†] Meat Certificate (Scotland).

ANNUAL REPORT.

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT,

26, SOUTHFIELD ROAD,

MIDDLESBROUGH,

SEPTEMBER, 1950.

To the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you the Annual Report on the work of the Health Department for the year 1949. This year was the first full year under the working of the National Health Service Act, and has been a busy one involving the smoothing out of many problems which changing legislation and transfer of duties have brought.

Much criticism was heard on all sides during the year of the new Health Service. Many deplored the taking away from Local Authorities of the Hospital Service. But probably, on the whole, most critics directed their attacks to the tri-partite control of Health Services. Regional Hospital Boards, Local Health Authorities and Executive Councils appeared to act as independent bodies taking each its own line of action without very much attempt at co-ordination between the three. Minister had hoped that this foreseen difficulty would, to some extent, be overcome at various levels through membership of different bodies by some people, and especially through the Medical Officer of Health playing some part in all of them. was not possible throughout the country, but I must say that in Middlesbrough throughout 1949, I was in the happy position relative to co-ordination, of attending meetings of the Liaison Committee of the Regional Hospital Board and Local Health Authorities, the Medical Committee of the Local Executive Tees-side Hospital Management Committee, The Council, Cleveland Hospital Management Committee and the Local Health Authority.

Although this all meant an extremely busy time, apart from my clinical duties as Physician at West Lane Isolation Hospital, and administrative duties as Chief Executive of the Health Department, the general view that was obtained of the development of all the new services was extremely valuable to me personally, and I trust was at least a little helpful on occasions to the various bodies at whose meetings I was privileged to be present.

In Middlesbrough, then, during 1949, the break between Hospital Services and Local Health Authorities was not yet complete. Your Medical Officer of Health continued to act as Administrative Medical Superintendent at Hemlington Hospital until 31st July, 1949, and continued to act as Physician Superintendent at West Lane Isolation Hospital throughout the year.

A truly major development took place in the administration of the Health Department during the year. On the 17th May, 1949, the scattered units of the Health Department were brought together and re-housed in their present quarters, a move involving much re-adjustment at first, but which permitted much streamlining of administration, and which rendered administration and co-ordination much simpler. Although it was appreciated that the Health Department was primarily evacuated from the Municipal Buildings to make room for other services, the members of the Council are to be congratulated in providing in one step a completely co-ordinated Health Department, the first which Middlesbrough has ever had. Although there were opinions to the contrary, no surplus accommodation was available in the new building, and if the necessary staff of Health Visitors was forthcoming, the building would scarcely be adequate.

The Department was deprived of the services of Dr. Bethia M. Newlands for the last half of the year, through illness. Although this report deals with the year 1949, I feel I must express the sincere regret of the whole staff at her untimely passing in 1950. An industrious and conscientious worker has gone from the service, her interest and work extending far beyond the ordinary scope of duty. Dr. Newlands had played a large part in the development of the Maternity and Child Welfare Service from the time of her coming to Middlesbrough in 1945.

By the beginning of 1949, most of the services under the National Health Service were well on their way, and throughout the year steady development to meet the full needs of the public took place.

No development of Health Centres was possible, although a preliminary meeting of representatives of the Local Health Authority, the Newcastle-upon-Tyne Regional Hospital Board, Ministry of Health, Middlesbrough Executive Council, and Local Hospital Management Committees, was held in November, at which agreement in principle was reached towards the setting up of Health Centres and the Town Clerk was asked to seek the requirements of all interested bodies.

Under the care of Mothers and Young Children, progress was made in the staffing of Ante-Natal and Post-Natal Clinics by doctors experienced in obstetrics, and four out of five of the clinics were staffed by members of the MaternityHospital Staff under the general supervision of the Consultant Obstetrician. The administration of the clinics and the provision of the Nursing Staff, remained with the Health Department.

A Premature Baby Unit was inaugurated with the first appointment of a specially trained nurse in May, 1949. More concentrated attention could then be given to Premature Babies born at home than practising Midwives could possibly provide. It will be seen in the body of the report that as good results were obtained as in babies born and looked after in hospital.

Priority Dental treatment continued to be carried out at the General Hospital. The work of adaptation to provide a Dental Centre for priority treatment of Mothers and Young Children, was commenced at the Gables Centre towards the end of the year. The clinic should be ready for use in 1950.

The arrangements with Harrogate Home for the reservation of beds was continued, and a greatly increased number of Mothers and Babies benefitted from being there.

Ante-Natal clinics and Child Welfare centres continued to be over-crowded and further provision of Centres and more sessions are needed before the town is covered adequately, and time allowed for proper examination. Provision was made in the estimates for 1950 to provide a new centre in Thorntree, where a large and growing community is deserving of attention.

The number of Midwives was brought up to full establishment required by the birth rate. All were trained in Gas and Air Analgesia. Any woman desiring this and being medically fit to receive it, can now have this Analgesia in Middlesbrough.

The Home Nursing Service continued on an Agency basis with the District Nursing Association, and the service met all demands on it. Excellent co-ordination between that body and the Health Department existed.

The number of Health Visitors showed only a slight increase during the year. Further expansion is necessary to meet the requirements of the Act, and all the various new duties placed on them. Their work was broadened during the year to include Infectious Disease visiting, care of old people, and families generally.

The three Day Nurseries continued to function as in former years, and the number of places provided has proved sufficient to meet the demands of really necessary cases.

Vaccination and Immunisation Clinics were fully provided, the special Centre being provided in the new Health Department.

Every endeavour must still be made to get parents to take full advantage of the many facilities now provided for immunisation.

The Ambulance Service was kept increasingly busy and dealt with approximately treble the calls made in 1948. Some replacement of vehicles and expansion of personnel was possible during the year, and all calls were met promptly.

The Mental Health Service continued unchanged, although of course their office accommodation was moved from the temporary office in Grange Road to the new Department. The Service was kept fully occupied during the year. Plans were approved for the new Occupation Centre, and it is hoped that an early start will be made with this very necessary provision.

Equipment held at the District Nurses' Home on Loan, was expanded, and a large number of surplus hospitals beds were purchased for the use of needy domiciliary cases.

All persons applying for Convalescent Home treatment were found accommodation in suitable Homes, with whom the Authority had an agreement.

The Domestic Help Service continued unchanged throughout the year, and carried out its many duties in a very satisfactory way. All demands on the service were met. Facilities are still urgently required for the segregation of child contacts of Tuberculosis. Further improvement in the Tuberculosis figures was obtained and can be expected as new housing facilities are increased and additional hospital beds made available for the treatment of Tuberculosis and the isolation of open cases.

Vital statistics are presented and analysed in some detail, and comparison made with other areas, as in previous years.

The birth rate for 1949 was 21.21 per thousand population, showing a fall from 23.16 in 1948 and 25.85 in 1947.

This is still much higher than the figures for England and Wales which is 16.7 and for the 126 large towns, which is 18.7.

The death rate of 12.08 per thousand population showed a slight increase over 1948, when the figure was 11.44.

The Maternal Mortality rate was 0.64 per thousand births, a slight decrease from 0.88 in 1948.

The Infantile Mortality rate of 51 per thousand live births. shows a slight increase on the figure of 48 in 1948. It is, however, by far the second lowest figure ever recorded in this town. The slight increase was accounted for by a large increase in the number of deaths from Infantile Gastro Enteritis, which occurred in the district in a very severe form during the year. The figure is, however, still much higher than the comparable figures for England and Wales, and much work still requires to be done in Industrial areas such as this, to reduce the Infantile Mortality rate.

Illegitimate births continued to decrease, being 198 in 1949, as against 202 in 1948 and 227 in 1947. This figure is still much above the pre-war figure of 125.

There were 1,193 new cases treated at the Venereal Diseases Clinic during the year. This shows a pleasing decrease from 1340 new cases in 1948.

There was a slight increase in the number of infectious diseases notified, 4,700 cases being the figure for 1949, as against 3,623 in 1948. Increased incidence of Measles and Chickenpox chiefly accounted for this.

There was a fall in the number of cases of Diphtheria, 36 being notified as against 49 in 1948. There were 3 deaths, compared with 5 in 1948. The deaths occurred in children who had not been immunised. The number of schoolchildren immunised has now reached a figure of 78% and pre-school

children almost 50%. This record is still not good enough, and parents should realise that there should be no cases and certainly no deaths from this disease if full advantage was taken of facilities available.

New notifications for Tuberculosis totalled 340 for the year, compared with 382 in 1948. The Tuberculosis death rate was 0.74 per thousand population compared with 0.76 in 1948, and 0.93 in 1947. This figure still compares unfavourably with the figure of 0.45 per thousand population for England and Wales.

Full co-ordination with the Mass Miniature Radiography Unit was maintained throughout the year.

The General Health Services continued to function satisfactorily during the year, and it may be said that 1949 was another year of steady expansion and consolidation of Services.

I should like to pay tribute to all members of my staff, Medical, Nursing, Clerical and Ancillary workers, for their continued loyalty and wholehearted support, without which the present standard could not be maintained. In particular, my best thanks to my Deputy, Dr. J. C. Birchall, and to Mr. Dickinson and his staff, for the work they have put in towards the detailed compilation of this report.

I also wish to acknowledge most sincerely the support of the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee and of all other Committees of the Council which bear on the work of the Health Department, and to express my appreciation of the ready co-operation and assistance afforded to me at all times by the Chief Officials of the Corporation, and their respective staffs.

In conclusion, I may say that most of this report has been compiled and written after I have ceased to occupy the position of Medical Officer of Health. I shall always remember the happy years I spent on the staff of the Health Department, firstly, as your Deputy Medical Officer of Health, and latterly, as Medical Officer of Health. May I take the opportunity of wishing you all well in your efforts to improve the health of your community, and to extend to my successor my best wishes for his future.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, Your obedient Servant,

Medical Officer of Health.

Charles L. Elder

SECTION A.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

						-
Area (in acres) in	cluding	g 173 ac	res	of tidal	water	7,304
Estimated Civilia	n Popu	ulation	(Mid	-1949)		
Number of Inhab	ited Ho	ouses (e	nd o	f 1949)	• •	38,424
Rateable Value		• •		• •		£766,648
Product of a penr	ny rate	• •	• •		• • • • • •	£2,912
Number of Live I	Births :-					
				Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	& Illeg	itimate		1,581	1,496	3,077
Illegitimate	ð	• •	• •	110	88	198
Number of Still B	irths—					
Legitimate	& Illeg	itimate		33	29	62
Illegitimate		• •		3	2	5
Dooth D	7					
Deaths: Register	ed	• •	• •	1,131	917	2,048
Nett	• •	• •	• •	971	781	1,752
Deaths from :—						
Typhoid and I	Paraty	phoid F	ever	s —		
Measles	• •			1		1
Scarlet Fever	• •			-	-	
Whooping Cou	ugh	• •		2	2	4
Diphtheria	• •	• •		2	1	3
Influenza	• •	• •		13	7	20
Violence	• •	• •		34	20	54
Diarrhoea (une	der 2 ye	ears)		30	21	51
Cancer			• •	135	113	248
Heart Disease	• •	• •		262	237	499
Tuberculosis	• •	• •		60	48	108
Pneumonia	• •			52	34	86
Deaths (under 1 ye	ar) :—			Male	Female	Takel
Legitimate				79	60	Total
Illegitimate			• •	11	7	139 18
Total		• •		90	67	157
						101

Birth Rates and Death Rat

DI	rin Rates and Death Rates, 194	:J.	10.	. (*
	М	iddlesbrough	England Bor	
Ra	ate per 1,000 Population:—			
	Live Births	21.21	16.7	18.7
	Still-births	0.42	0.39	0.47
Aı	nual Death Rate			
	per 1,000 Population:—			
	All causes Typhoid and Paratyphoid	12.08	11.7	12.5
	Fevers	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Smallpox	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Diphtheria	0.02	0.00	0.00
	Influenza	0.13	0.15	0.15
	Whooping Cough	0.03	0.01	0.02
	Tuberculosis	0.74	0.45	0.52
	Acute Poliomyelitis and			
	Polioencephalitis	0.01	0.01	0.02
	Pneumonia	0.60	0.51	0.56
Ra	ate per 1,000 Live Births:— Diarrhoea and Enteritis (under 2 years)	16.57	3.0	3.8
M	aternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 Total Births:—			
	Puerperal Sepsis and post abo	ort. —	0.16	
	Other maternal causes	0.64	0.82	
	All maternal causes	0.64	0.98	
D	eath Rate of Infants under one	year of age	e :—	
	l infants per 1,000 live births egitimate infants per 1,000 legitin		3.2*	37
		48		
Ill	egitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births	91		
Co	omparative Rates:			
B	irth Rate (live births)	21.21	16.7	18.7
	eath Rate	12.08		12.5
	fant Mortality Rate	51	32*	37
	aternal Mortality Rate	0.64	0.98	
	* Per 1,000 re			

Notifications.—Rates per 1,000 Civilian Population.

			Middlesbrough	England and Wales	126 County Boroughs and Great Towns including London
Typhoid Fever			0.01	0.01	0.01
Paratyphoid Fever			0.04	0.01	0.02
Cerebro Spinal Fever			0.02	0.02	$0.02 \\ 0.03$
Scarlet Fever			0.90	1.63	1.72
Whooping Cough			$\frac{3.67}{3.67}$	2.39	2.44
Diphtheria			0.25	0.04	0.05
Erysipelas			0.19	0.19	0.20
Smallpox					
Measles			14.43	8.95	8.91
Pneumonia			1.34	0.80	0.91
Acute Poliomyelitis Acute			0.01	0.13	0.13
Polioencephalitis			0.01	0.01	0.01
Food Poisoning			0.01	0.14	0.16
Rates per 1,000 Total (Live and Still). Puerperal Fever Puerperal Pyrexia	Births)	16.25	6.31	8.14

WARD STATISTICS.

Ward		No. of cases of Infectious Disease per 1,000 population	Death Rate	Birth Rate	Infant Mortality Rate
Acklam		26.40	7.63	10.26	24
Ayresome		31.72	12.26	18.45	55
Cannon		44.55	16.96	35.67	98
Clairville		21.73	12.25	11.48	10
Cleveland		32.55	13.96	24.65	44
Crescent		22.57	13.20	13.77	34
Exchange		35.92	12.20	23.15	54
Gresham		28.56	13.18	15.95	29
Grove Hill		33.52	9.78	20.78	39
Linthorpe		26.53	10.47	11.53	34
Newport		46.60	13.72	32.04	53
North Ormesby		23.83	13.81	24.46	55
Park		36.54	10.65	16.17	29
Chorntree		33.69	8.02	26.11	75
Collesby		17.37	10.16	16.26	78
t. Hilda s		51.28	18.93	28.02	45
Whinney Banks		33.86	8.71	18.57	18

ANALYSIS OF VITAL STATISTICS.

- (1) The estimated population for 1949 is 145,050, which is an increase of 1,650 on that for the year 1948.
- (2) Live births decreased during the year to a figure of 3,077 as compared with 3,321 for 1948. The birth rate is therefore 21.21 per 1,000 population as compared with 23.16 for 1948 and is still considerably higher than the figure for England and Wales and also for that in respect of the 126 County Boroughs and great towns.
- (3) The death rate has increased slightly for 1949, the rate being 12.08 per 1,000 population as compared with 11.44 for 1948. There were 112 more deaths in 1949 than in 1948.
- (4) The maternal mortality rate is 0.64 per 1,000 births as compared with 6.88 in 1948.
- (5) The number of deaths from Cancer is 248 as compared with 229 for 1948.
- (6) The infantile mortality rate of 51 per 1,000 live births shows an increase upon the figure for 1948 which was 48 per 1,000. This compares unfavourably with the figure for England and Wales which is 32 per 1,000 related births and with the figure for the 126 County Boroughs and great towns which is 37 per 1,000. There were 157 deaths in 1949 in infants under the age of one year as compared with 159 in 1948. 91 of these deaths were in the neo-natal period or first four weeks of life.

Prematurity again accounted for a large percentage of these neo-natal deaths, there being 39 cases in this category.

Although this is a decrease on the 1948 figure of 41, it is hoped that in the future it will be possible to reduce it still further with the establishment of a Paediatric Department in the district.

and the provision of facilities for hospital treatment, together with improved facilities for domestic care of premature infants. Apart from prematurity, the main causes of death were:

Gastro-Enteritis	 • •	49
Pneumonia (all forms)		29

Improvement of environmental circumstances and housing conditions, together with education of the public in the care and feeding of infants will in time, do much to avoid many cases of these preventable infant diseases.

The increased Infantile Mortality rate is due very largely to the increase in the number of deaths from Gastro-Enteritis, due to increased incidence of this disease.

Extended facilities for mothercraft teaching, increased Health Visiting staffs, and Health Education will continue to play their part, but it is still felt that the greatest single factor will be the continued provision of better housing conditions for the people.

SECTION B.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

This section of the Department was under the day to day supervision of the Senior Assistant Medical Officer of Health for Maternity and Child Welfare until July and thereafter under the Deputy Medical Officer of Health, with the assistance of one whole time Assistant Medical Officer and the part time assistance of several others.

The housing of the Maternity and Child Welfare Section with the Health Department under one roof has eased administration and facilitated contact with other sections of the Health Department and Sanitary Department.

There were no major developments or alterations in Clinics during the year.

Four out of the five Local Authority Ante-natal Clinics were staffed by doctors from the Maternity Hospital during the year.

MIDWIFERY.

Midwives.

The number of Midwives who, in January, 1949, notified their intention to practise in Middlesbrough, was 54. This number included the Supervisor and 26 Domiciliary Midwives, 1 in independent practice, 2 in private nursing homes, 16 on the staff of the Maternity Hospital, and 8 on the staff of the Middlesbrough General Hospital.

Out of a total of 3,438 births notified in the area, 2,926 were attended by Midwives. In the remaining 512 cases the Midwives acted as maternity nurses. The number of cases in which medical aid was summoned by district midwives under Section 14 (1) of the Midwives Act, 1918, was 470.

Domiciliary Midwifery Service.

At the beginning of the year there were 26 Domiciliary Midwives and one Supervisor of Midwives. During the year 4 midwives resigned. One midwife was off duty from 12th June

to 1st December. Another midwife was off duty from 13th July, and is still absent. Five midwives were appointed, making a total at the end of the year of 27 midwives and 1 Supervisor. The maximum number of midwives at any one time was 26.

The services of the midwives were again allocated to six districts, thus:—

North Ormesby and Br Central Town Newport and Cannon Ayresome and Linthor Acklam Grove Hill		• •	Estate	5 5 10 3 2 2
Total number of b	ookings			1,946
Total number of m	nothers	delivere	d	1,782
Deliveries by Midwives dur	ing 1949	9		
Domiciliary Midwives Maternity Hospital Private Midwives		• •	• •	1,782 1,285
			-	3,067
Attendances at Deliveries a as Maternity Nurses. Domiciliary Midwives Maternity Hospital Private Midwives Midwives in other Institution				155 212 145 ———————————————————————————————————

PUERPERAL PYREXIA.

There were 51 cases of Puerperal Pyrexia during the year. 30 of these were from the Maternity Hospital and 21 from the District.

The following table shows the causes of Pyrexia in the District cases:—

Endometritis			• •			2
Endometritis with in	nfected	l lacera	tions	• •		1
Cellulitis associated	with i	nfected	lacera	tions		1
Mastitis	• •			• •		1
.1.	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Retained membrane)		• •	• •		1
Septic abortion	• •			• •		5
Sub-acute appendict	itis			• •		1
Coryza	• •					1
Unknown	• •		• •	• •	• •	1
						27
						21

Of these, two from the Maternity Hospital and fifteen from the District were transferred to West Lane Hospital.

STILLBIRTHS.

22 stillbirths occurred on the District in Middlesbrough during the year and were caused as follows:—

the year and were caused as follows:—			
Causes:—			
(A) Maternal Health Factor.			
(a) Pulmonary Tuberculosis		1	
(b) Severe Microcytic Anaemia		1	
(c) Fall during Pregnancy	• •	1	
			3
(B) Obstetrical Complication Factor.			
(a) Cord round neck	• •	1	
(b) Twin Pregnancy with short	cord	2	
(c) Precipitate Labour		1	
(d) Ante-partum haemorrhage	with		
Precipitate Labour	• •	1	
(e) Breech delivery		2	
(f) B.B.A. Pressure on Head		1	
			8
(C) Foetal Abnormalities.			
(a) Spina Bifida]	
(b) Hydrocephalus	• •	1	
(c) Anencephaly	• •	2	
		-	4
(D) Undertermined Factor.			
(a) Cause unknown		7	

Total

neo-natal Deaths.		
Total number o	f Neo-natal Deaths in the Borough	91
Number occurri	ng at Maternity Hospital	4.5
Number of Neo-	natal Deaths in the Districts	40
Contified Courses of		
	Deaths in the Districts.	
A. Prematurity		24
(b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h)	Twin Pregnancy	
B. Atelectasis	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3
C. Infections	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7
(b) (c) (d)	Gastro-Enteritis 3 Congen. Syphilis 1 Pyelo-Nephritis and Hydronephrosis 1 Broncho-Pneumonia 1	
(e)	B. Pneumonia following Regurgitation of Food 1	
D. Congenital	Defects	5
(b) (c)	Imperforate Anus 1 Cystic Kidney 1 Cong. Heart Disease 2 Hydrocephalus and Meningocele 1	
E. Birth Injury	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4
	Cerebral Haemorrhage 3 Tear of Longitudinal Sinus 1	
F. Erythroblast	osis Foetalis	1
G. Asphyxia due	e to Regurgitation of Food	2

Certified Causes of Neo-natal Deaths in the Maternity Hospital.

Α.	Prematurity	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		35
	Causes (a) (b) (c)	Twin Pregnancy Toxaemia Toxaemia + Twin Pregnancy	8 6	
	(d)		7	
	(e)	A.P.H. & Twin Pregnancy	3	
	(f)	Chronic Nephritis	1	
	(g)		1	
	(h)	Unknown	8	
В.	Atelectasis			1
С	Infections			2
	, ,	Broncho-Pneumonia B. Coli-Meningitis	1	
D.	Congenital D	refects		4
	(a)	Congenital Heart Disease	2	
		Diaphragmatic Hernia	1	
		obliteration of Common		
		Bile Duct	1	
E.	Birth Injury			3
	(a)	Cerebral Haemorrhage	2	
	(b)		1	

Deaths in the Neo-natal period, that is within the first four weeks of life accounted for 41% of the deaths of children under one year compared with 49% for 1948. The percentage of these deaths occurring on districts was 50, in the Maternity Hospital 49.

Prematurity combined with associated conditions such as Atelectasis and birth injury accounted for 76.9% of the Neo-natal Deaths. In 36% of Neo-natal Deaths due to prematurity, no definite cause for premature birth was found.

MATERNAL DEATHS.

Total number of Maternal Deaths in Borough .. 4

Causes of Death.

- 1. Cerebral Haemorrhage due to Eclampsia.
- 2. Sub-phrenic Abscess, Puerperal Endometritis, Acute Ante-partum Eclampsia.
- 3. Suppression of Urine, Eclampsia and Ante-Partum Haemorrhage.
- 4. Severe concealed accidental Haemorrhage, Eclampsia.

Of these 4 cases two belonged to the Borough and two to outside areas. Three of the deaths occurred in the Maternity Hospital and one in Middlesbrough General Hospital, having been transferred there from the Maternity Hospital.

HEALTH VISITING.

Staff.

This section has benefited considerably during the year as a result of closer association with the main department, by more varied and comprehensive duties and improved office accommodation.

The year commenced with a Superintendent and 12 Health Visitors and ended with a Superintendent, 16 Health Visitors and 3 Health Visitor Students. That the number was not greater was due to the fact that there were three resignations during the year and these vacancies were not filled.

Miss M. Woolcock a temporary Health Visitor left in April for health reasons, Miss Paling transferred to another Authority in August and Miss Bendelow in October. Three newly qualified Health Visitors, having taken advantage of the Council's Assisted Scheme of training came on to the staff in April from Newcastle, two from Liverpool in May and two from Leicester in July. In addition three others who had taken the training at Leicester took up their duties in July in the department pending examination arranged for January, 1950. All new entrants to the Service were found to be satisfactory and were retained on the staff.

Student Health Visitors.

During the year 2 candidates were accepted for assisted training as Health Visitors and commenced at Newcastle in September.

Senior Public Health Administration Course.

This authority has again participated in the course of training as administered by the Royal College of Nursing and London University. 2 Students were received during the year, both from India, and arrangements completed for a third from Malaya to enter the department on January 2nd, 1950. Both Indian candidates were successful in the examinations.

Home Visiting.

There has been a total of 3,341 notified births. Every attempt has been made to do the primary visits on the fifteenth day or as soon as possible afterwards, and 3,043 of these were paid.

The character of the work shews great change. Whilst Maternity and Child Welfare continues to occupy a major part of the time the work as a whole more closely resembles general health visiting than has been possible in previous years. In May the Infectious Diseases visiting was taken over by this section and later in the year the visiting of the elderly and sick was further developed when the Health Visitors extended their visiting to include all cases requiring the assistance of the Domestic Help Service.

In addition a beginning was made in the visiting of the homes of children in hospital prior to their discharge and subsequent to it. The varied character of the visiting, of necessity, requires that each Health Visitor should have a smaller and more compact area to work in. This has been achieved in some respects in certain parts of the town but shortage of staff makes it impossible to do this in all the districts.

The following table gives the particulars and classification and shows the highest number of effectual visits on record.

	1949	1948	1947
Birth Enquiry or first Visits	 3,043	3,259	3,545
Visits to Children 0—1 (excluding above)	 18,298	12,628	7,660
	21.341	15,887	11,205

Visits to Children 1—5	• •		29,044	20,037	11,083
", ", Expectant Mothe	ers		481	344	190
,, ,, Cases of Infection	us Dise	ase	1,204	* •	• •
,, ,, Diphtheria Immu	unisatio	on	542	• •	
", ", Special Cases		• •	1,385	161	127
Infant Death Enquiries	* *		114	117	116
Ante-natal Investigations	* *	• •	401	374	305
Domestic Help Investigation	ons		45	• •	
Ineffectual Visits	0 0		7,738	5,812	2,334
			40,954	26,845	14,155
			62,295	$\frac{1}{42,732}$	25,360

The investigation of all new cases applying for admission to the Maternity Hospital, where any doubt has existed as to their need for priority consideration, has again been undertaken by the Staff of this Department. 401 visits have been made during which opportunity was taken to give advice on ante-natal care.

"Transfers Out".

Transfers out to other Local Authorities have increased during the year, particulars being:—

whilst "transfers in" have numbered 262. It will be seen from these figures that there is a considerable amount of movement of child population and only more frequent regular visiting will reduce the loss as now shown in the figure for those "not traced".

Child Life Protection and Adoptions.

There were 15 foster mothers on the register at the end of the year caring for 16 children. Child Life Protection continued to be done by the Health Visiting staff until the end of the year, but it is expected that this work will be handed over early next year.

Adoptions were continued to be dealt with by the Health Visiting staff, but a gradual taking over of the work by the Children's Officer started in March.

Premature Births.

There continues to be a steady increase in the number of premature infants since 1945 when we first began to keep separate records. The numbers for these years are as follows:—

1949	1948	1947	1946
258	252	244	216

90 were born at home and 168 in hospital or nursing home.

A big advance in dealing with premature babies was made in 1949, in that a special nurse for the domiciliary nursing of premature infants was appointed in May. This nurse has been of great benefit and has overcome the difficulty in hospitalising all these babies. The nurse has continued the care of the infant until it has reached normal weight, when the Health Visitor has taken over and paid special visits.

From the following table it will be seen that the results of domiciliary nursing compare very favourably with the results for premature babies born and nursed in hospital.

These births are classified as follows:—

Born at Home		90
Nursed at home	and died within 24 hours 7	
;; ;;	survived 24 hours, died within 4 weeks	
,, ,,	survived 4 weeks 64	
Removed from he	ome and died within 24 hours 3	
:: • • • •	survived 24 hours, died within 4 weeks 4	
,,	survived 4 weeks 5	
,, ;;	before I month—transferred Nil	
Born in Hospital or Nu	rsing Home	168
Born in hospital	and died within 24 hours 17	
;, ;,	lived 24 hours—died within 4 weeks	
;; ;;	survived 4 weeks 109	
,, ,,	transferred alive before 4 weeks 24	

During this year as previously, cots have been on loan from this Department for the use of Premature Infants; these have been most useful and much appreciated by the parents. There are now 12 cots specially designed and furnished with two linings to ensure them being draughtproof, three hot water bottles, blankets, flannel clothing, etc., whilst special feeders, mucos catheters and sub-clinical thermometers have been supplied to the Midwives.

CHILD WELFARE CENTRES.

The Child Welfare Centres were closed during four weeks in August.

Details of the attendances are given below:—	_	
Number of children 0—1 attending for the first time		2,232
Number of children 1—5 attending for the first time		239
Total number of attendances of children 0—1		,
Total number of attendances of children 1—5		3,844
		30,255
Number of children examined by Doctor Number of children advised by Health Visitors		,
Number of Sessions		

The following table shows the attendances made during the year at each Centre:—

		0-1	1—5
Elizabeth Purvis	 	4,426	706
Cannon	 	4,240	464
Ayresome	 	4,089	579
American Red Cross	 	2,352	520
Whinney Banks	 	2,638	476
Grove Hill	 	3,433	726
North Ormesby	 	2,762	373
		23,940	3,844
		the same of the sa	

Numl	per of children recommended f treatment from Child Welfar			• •	• •	451
Г	These may be classified as fol	lows :-				
	General Hospital		• •		94	
	Artificial Sunlight Clinic	• •	• •	• •	85	
	Orthopaedic Clinic { Centr	ral Scho ral Hos	ool Clin spital	ic)	77	
	Ophthalmic Clinic —Strabis: —Others				19 23	
	Orthoptic Clinic				4	
	Ear, Nose and Throat Clinic		• •		19	
	Dental Clinic		• •	• •	45	
	Skin Clinic				18	
	Tuberculosis Clinic	• •		• •	12	
	Speech Clinic	• •		• •	3	
	Child Guidance Clinic			• •	3	
	For X-ray examination	• •		• •	19	
	To Newcastle Royal Victoria	a Infirn	nary	• •	7	
	Prudhoe Hall Colony		• •		9	
	North Ormesby Hospital	• •		• •	1	
	North Riding Infirmary	• •			3	
	Special Treatment Centre		• •	• •	3	
				_	451	

Mothercraft Teaching.

Miss Imeson again conducted the "Mothercraft" class at the Technical Institute arranged by the Education Authority and which terminated in March.

District Ante-natal Clinics.

During the year there have been 5 district ante-natal sessions per week and whilst there has been a slight decrease in the number of new cases at Cannon, Grove Hill and North Ormesby Centres, this decrease has been amply made up by the increased attendances at the Whinney Banks and American Red Cross Centre Clinics.

				1948	1949
Cannon Street Clinic	1st Re		• •	$\frac{-}{405}$	342 716
American Red Cross Clinic	1st Re	Attendances		285 639	333 725
Grove Hill Clinic	1st Re		• •	345 849	284 821
North Ormesby Clinic	1st Re	Attendances		$\begin{array}{c} 291 \\ 554 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 284 \\ 662 \end{array} $
Whinney Banks Clinic (Opened 1st July)	1st Re	Attendances ,,		$\begin{array}{c} 126 \\ 204 \end{array}$	$\frac{234}{703}$
Total	1st Re	Attendances ,,		$1,452 \\ 2,947$	$1,477 \\ 3,627$
				4,399	5,104

Routine Blood Testing. Blood samples for examination for the Rhesus factor, Kahn and Wassermann Reactions were taken as a routine procedure at the Ante-natal clinics. The following figures show the results.

Total number of blood specimens taken was 1,177, representing 89.57% routine testing of all women attending the Ante-natal clinics. An effort is made to take a blood sample at the expectant mother's first visit to the clinic but if it is not possible to do so, then and as sometimes happens, only one attendance is made, the opportunity to test blood is lost. The percentage of routine testing that was attained during the year is therefore considered a good one.

Rhesus factor tests	 * •	Positives	997
		Negatives	180

The percentage of Rhesus negatives was 15. The usually accepted figure for Rhesus negative women in the country as a whole is 15%.

Kahn Tests	• •	• •	Positives Doubtfuls Negatives	9 3 1,165
Wassermann Reaction Tests	• •	• •	Positives Doubtfuls Negatives	9 9 1,159

Post-natal Attendances.

There has been only a slight increase in the number of attendances for post-natal examination, and this is still far short of what is desirable. There is always difficulty in getting the mothers to attend post-natally, either because of domestic difficulties when the young baby has been born or because they still do not realise the importance of these examinations. The following table shows the attendances made at the Centres:—

Number	Cannon St American Grove Hill North Orn Whinney	Red Cros Clinic nesby Clin Banks Cli	s Clinic 99 24 nic 13 nic 21		
Number	further examin	ation or	recommended for treatment		195
Exp	ectant mothers	referred	for X-ray		
			examination	93	
,,	"	,,	to Consultant		
			Obstetrician	44	
, ,	;;	2.3	,, General		
,,	,,	,,	Hospital Clinical Tuberculosis	4	
			Officer	2	
,,		,,	" Dental Clinic	16	
, ,	,,	,,	., Skin Clinic		
,,	,,	; ;	for Pregnancy Tests	18	
,,	; ;	"	to Birth Control		
			Clinic	13	
2,5	;;	;;	Ear, Nose and		
			Throat Clinic		
,,	"	"	,, Consultant		
			Physician		
,,	,,	"	Special Tests	3	
,,	,,	,,	,, Clinic	2	
				195	

The number of breast abscesses in Nursing Mothers reported during the year was 17. There were 3 other cases of Mastitis.

Convalescent Treatment-Mothers and Babies.

During the year 21 mothers with their babies were admitted to the Harrogate branch of the Yorkshire Home for Mothers and Babies. The Home re-opened in April, and the first Middlesbrough mother was admitted on 12th April. The Home closed for the year at the end of October. The mothers derived much benefit from their holiday and spoke highly of how the Home was conducted.

Illegitimate Children.

The following table shows the figures for illegitimate births for the past 5 years.:—

CUID		
1945	 	223
1946	 	276
1947	 	227
1948	 	202
1949	 • •	188
Boys	 108	
Girls	80	

Deaths of illegitimate children under 1 year .. 18

Special attention is given to the well being of illegitimate children and those not in Day Nurseries receive special care by the Health Visitors.

Orthopaedic Treatment.

During the year 35 new cases were referred for examination by the Orthopaedic Surgeon from the Adela Shaw Orthopaedic Hospital and all attended. 94 were invited for re-attendance and 70 attended. 3 children were referred for in-patient treatment and by the end of the year all of these had been admitted.

41 children were recommended to the General Hospital for Orthopaedic Treatment, and one recommended specially to Oswestry.

Infant Food Depot.

During the year there were sold and distributed some 56,000 tins of National Dried Milk, 54,000 packets of proprietry milk foods, vitamin foods, and Ministry of Food products from the premises at 28, Dunning Street.

It has not been possible yet to consider further the adaptation of the premises or the removal to larger and more suitable accommodation.

DAY NURSERIES.

Three Day Nurseries are maintained at the following places:—

Mosman Terrace, North Ormesby						60 places		
Parkside					60	; ;		
West Lane	a +		• •		60	2.2		

and have been fully utilised throughout the year.

Mothers who are compelled by domestic or financial reasons to take up employment, may have their children cared for at the Nurseries and in this way many women have been made available for essential work.

Children up to five years of age are accepted provided accommodation is available and a charge of 1/- per day is made for maintenance.

Each child has to be immunised against diphtheria before admission and regular medical inspection is undertaken by the Medical Staff of the Health Department.

The Nurseries are approved for training purposes by the National Nursery Examination Board and student nurses are thus able to obtain their Nursery Nurses Certificate whilst employed in the Nurseries.

Courses extend over a period of two years and a new course is started each year. The Courses are run by the Education Department and the health lectures are given by the Deputy Medical Officer of Health, the Senior Assistant Medical Officer for Maternity and Child Welfare and the Nursery Matrons.

Nursery and Child Minders Regulation Act, 1948.

There is only one Nursery approved under the above Act, this being the "Grey Tiles" Nursery School, Green Lane, approval having been given for not more than 40 children.

DENTAL TREATMENT OF EXPECTANT MOTHERS AND PRE-SCHOOL CHILDREN.

Work was commenced on the new Dental Department, for priority cases, at the Gables Centre, towards the end of the year, and it is hoped that the Department will be ready for use during 1950.

The following figures show the number of cases dealt with at the Dental Clinic, General Hospital, for which I am indebted to Mr. L. T. Davidson Heppell, F.D.S., R.C.S. (Eng.), L.D.S. (Durham).

(a) Expectant Mothers:

Extraction under local anaesthesia					90
Extensive	extraction	ıs unde	er gener	ral	
anaest	thesia	• •	• •	• •	6
Scaling	• •	• •	• •	• •	4
					100

(b) Pre-School Children:

Extraction under general anaesthesia 78

SECTION C.

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

The total number of notifications received during the year was 4,700 compared with 3,622 in the previous year.

Diphtheria.

The cases notified numbered 36 against 49 in the previous year. There were 3 deaths in children, none of whom had been immunised.

Scarlet Fever.

There was a further decrease in the cases notified, 131 notifications were received as against 247 for the year 1948. The individual cases continued to be of a mild type. There were no deaths.

Enteric Fever.

There were one case of Typhoid and 6 cases of Paratyphoid.

Cerebrospinal Fever.

Notifications of Cerebro-spinal Fever decreased from 9 in 1948 to 4 in 1949. There were 2 deaths.

Erysipelas.

There were 28 notified cases.

Puerperal Pyrexia.

51 cases were notified.

Dysentery.

Notifications of Bacillary Dysentery numbered 4, as against 45 for the year 1948, being of the Sonnei type, and one Flexner type.

Measles.

During the year, 2,093 notifications were received as compared with 1,414 for the year 1948. There was one death. All cases were visited and kept under observation by Health Department Nurses.

Chickenpox.

1,291 notifications were received of which 1,271 occurred in school children. All cases were visited by Health Department Nurses.

Whooping Cough.

There were 533 cases notified during the year with 4 deaths as compared with 423 cases and one death in 1948. All cases were visited by Health Department Nurses.

Ophthalmia Neonatorum.

2 cases were notified, both of which recovered with unimpaired vision.

Influenza.

There were 22 deaths from this disease as compared with 5 in the previous year.

Influenzal Pneumonia.

14 cases were notified.

Acute Primary Pneumonia.

There were 180 cases notified, and there were 39 deaths.

Smallpox.

No case occurred during the year.

Anterior Poliomyelitis.

There were 2 cases of this disease during the year, neither of which was fatal. The ages were 5 and 46 years.

There was one case of Polioencephalitis.

All cases were treated at West Lane Hospital where full facilities exist, including two iron lungs.

Gastro-Enteritis.

There was an increase in the number of deaths from Gastro-Enteritis during the year, 75 compared with 36 in 1948.

Vaccination

Percentage Vaccinated

vaccination.					1948.	1949.
Number of Births	Noti	ified	• •	• •	3,406	3,341
Vaccinated	• •	• •	• •	• •	587	266
Re-Vaccinated	• •		• •	• •	32	73

Vaccinations were undertaken by members of the Health Department staff at a Central Clinic, whilst members of the public were also vaccinated free of charge by their family doctors.

17.23

7.96

The fall in the percentage vaccination appears to have been general throughout the country.

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

The work of Diphtheria Immunisation carried out by the Public Health Department in the year 1949, is shown by the following figures:—

No. of children under 5 years of	age		
immunised		• •	2,417
No. of schoolchildren immunised	• •	• •	778
No. of reinforcing injections		• •	1,703

The following are the percentages of the total number of children in the town who have been immunised in the two groups:—

Percentage of children under 5 years of	
age immunised	47.74%
Percentage of schoolchildren immunised	77.74%

IMMUNISATION IN RELATION TO CHILD POPULATION.

Number of children at 31st December, 1949, who had completed a course of Immunisation at any time before that date (i.e. at any time since 1st January, 1941).

			1					
Age at 31.12.48 i.e. born in yr.	Under 1 1949	_	$\begin{array}{ c c } 2\\ 1947 \end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 1946 \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 1945 \end{array}$	5 to 9 1940-1944	10 to 14 1935-1939	Total under 15
Number Immunised	144	1622	2011	1733		8837	9121	24,904
	Childre	n un	der f	ive		Children		
Estimated mid-year Child population 1949		14,55	0			23,1	00	
Percentage	4	7.74%	/o			77.7	4%	7

	Notifications	5.	Deaths.					
Age at date of notification.	Number of Cases notified.	Number of cases included in preceding column in which the child had completed a full course of immunisation	Age at date of death.	Number of deaths.	Number of Cases included in preceding column in which the child had completed a full course of immunisation.			
Under 1			Under 1		. ,			
1	2	1	1	1				
2	3	• •	2					
3	4	1	3	1				
4		• •	4	• •				
5 to 9	15	3	5 to 9	1				
10 to 14	7	2	10 to 14					
Totals	31	7	Totals	3	Nil			

SCABIES.

The work at the Scabies Treatment Centre was fully maintained during the year but there was a further falling off in the number of cases requiring treatment. This was evident in all age groups as is shown in the statistics which compare the attendances in 1948 with those in 1949.

The Special Clinic functioning in an unoccupied ward at West Lane Hospital was transferred to the new Health Department premises on the 7th July, following which, the small number of cases reported was treated in the patients' own homes.

Attendances at the Middlesbrough Scabies Clinic for the years 1948 and 1949 were:—

	1948	1949
Adults:—		
Male	63	8.
Female	58	20
Total	121	28
School-children:—		
Male	85	27
Female	57	22
Total	142	49
Under School Age :		
Male	20	7
Female	21	4.
Total	41	11
Total number of patients	304	88
Total number of treatments	1,162	285

TUBERCULOSIS.

I am indebted to Dr. M. Walton, Clinical Tuberculosis Officer, for the following report:—

During the year no major policy change took effect and the planning of the Chest Service on a regional basis proceeds. Many more patients from the North Riding of Yorkshire were admitted to hospital beds in Middlesbrough and this accounts for the increase in "non-resident deaths" (see Table ii) as compared with 1948.

The notifications have fallen slightly compared with 1948 and on reference to Table iii it will be seen that while Mass Radiography and the G. P. X-ray Scheme produced more notifications, the transfers from H. M. Forces and cases diagnosed at the out-patient department were fewer.

The out-patient clinic for new patients referred from their general practitioner continued to be held on a Thursday afternoon at the General Hospital. 862 new patients were seen during the year and 145 cases of tuberculosis discovered.

The continued popularity of the General Practitioners' X-ray Scheme, which was introduced in April, 1948, with the co-operation of Dr. Irwin, Radiologist at the General Hospital, is demonstrated by the following figures. Patients referred for X-ray during the year numbered 869 as compared with 516 in 1948. 58 new patients were discovered to have pulmonary tuberculosis in this group.

The examination of contacts of cases continued throughout the year. All family contacts over the age of 14 years are X-rayed and the positive tuberculin test reactors under 14 years are X-rayed. 1,018 contacts were examined and 55 new cases of tuberculosis notified in this group.

MASS MINIATURE RADIOGRAPHY SURVEY No. 10. MIDDLESBROUGH, 1949.

STATISTICAL REPORT.

Mass Radiography Unit. Details are shown below of the survey of Middlesbrough residents made by the Unit from the Centre at the General Hospital, Middlesbrough, during the year.

Table	" A ".	
(a)	Number of employees at time of survey	Not known.
(b)	Total radiographed 11	,371 (N/A of (a))
(c)	Total passed on miniature film 10	,631
(d)	Total recalled for large film	740 (6.5% of (b))
(e)	Total failed to attend for large film	6
(f)	Total passed on large film	232
(g)	Total diagnosed on large film	291
(h)	Total recalled for investigation	211(1.85% of (b))
(i)	Total remaining under observation	
Table	"B"—Analysis of Non-Tuberculosis Cas	es.
(a)	Chronic Bronchitis & Emphysema (II) .	
(b)	Bronchiectasis (VI)	
(c)	Silicosis (VIII)	_
(d)	Thoracic Neoplasm (XIV)	
(e)	Cardiovascular Diseases—Congenital (XV	
(f)	" Acquired (XVL	
(g)	Miscellaneous (I, III, V, VII, XII, XIII,	,
(6)	and XVII)	. 52
	Total	${125}$
Table	"C"—Analysis of Tuberculous Cases.	
		(0.48% of total)
		x-rayed).
	(i) Newly discovered 55	(0.48% of total x-rayed)
	(ii) Previously diagnosed —	,
Cat	egory "B"—Inactive Disease 322	
	(i) Newly discovered 283	
	(ii) Previously diagnosed 39	

Table "D''—Disposal of all Cases.

Non-Tu	berculosi	S.		Tube	erculosis	5.	
Private Doct	Ol		16	Private Doc	etor		15
Tuberculosis	Officer	• •	3	Tuberculosi	s Office	ľ	33
Hospital	• •		3	Hospital			27
No Action	0 0		103	No action	• •		302

	Total		125		Total		377
	Total	• •	125	,	Total		377

Treatment.

The number of hospital beds available for Middlesbrough patients remained as before.

	Males.	Females.	Children.
			W
Poole Sanatorium	30	30	8
General Hospital	32		
West Lane Ĥospital	• • • •	32	
Hemlington Hospital	10	10	10

Poole Sanatorium.—36 males, 60 females and 19 children were treated here during the year. Modern advances in treatment, particularly surgical, have increased the number of cases for which treatment is possible, but has lengthened the stay of the patients in the sanatorium.

West Lane Hospital.—Continued use of the beds at this hospital was made throughout the year. 161 female patients were admitted.

General Hospital.—164 male patients were treated during the year.

Hemlington Hospital.—129 patients were admitted to Hemlington Hospital during 1949. They included observation cases, pleural effusions, and chest cases for investigation by endoscopy and special radiography. An arrangement whereby the Thoracic Surgical Registrar at Poole Sanatorium performs these special examinations, came into being in September 1949 and continues to function satisfactorily.

Artificial Pneumothorax Clinics. — Refill clinics with radiological screening facilities are held in the out-patient department of the General Hospital on a Tuesday and Friday morning. The numbers attending here are steadily increasing as a result of the increase in diagnosis of earlier cases and earlier institution of collapse therapy.

Occupational Therapy.

A change in Occupational Therapist occurred during the year and the department is maintaining its volume and variety of diversional therapy and rehabilitation methods. The woodwork centre conducted by the Care Committee at Meath Street continued its excellent work throughout the year, filling an important role in the rehabilitation of ex-sanatorium male patients.

Bone and Joint Tuberculosis.

During the course of the year the complete transfer of orthopaedic cases to special hospitals with orthopaedic departments was completed. These cases continue to be notified to the Local Health Authority and thus ensuring family investigation of contacts and their supervision.

Radiography.

The invaluable and ever increasing X-ray examinations for the service were carried out by the department at the General Hospital. Joint sessions between the Consulting Radiologist, Dr. Irwin, and the Tuberculosis Officer in reading the films continued to obtain maximum evaluation of the X-ray findings. The standard of work was maintained at a high level and the co-operation of all concerned in the department is much appreciated.

Dispensary Supervision.

Follow-up clinics are held at the Clinic at 35, Grange Road. During the year, 1,855 attendances were made. The patients comprise those recently discharged from sanatorium, cases under observation, contacts, and cases referred from X-ray department as well as transfers from other areas.

Health Visitors.

The domiciliary visiting of tuberculosis households by the four health visitors increased during the year. With the rehousing in the new housing estates of many tuberculous families, the work has been made more difficult and necessitated more travelling by the nurses. The routine tuberculin testing of child contacts is a major part of their work, although advice on home nursing of incurable cases and their supervision is also an important duty.

Bacteriological Examinations.

Specimens are referred to the Laboratory at Northallerton for routine tests. Special investigations have been arranged with the Area Laboratory at the General Hospital.

Childhood Tuberculosis.

81 cases of tuberculosis in childhood were notified during the course of the year.

10 children died as a result of tuberculosis during the year.

The Davison Holiday Home at Danby was made available by the Trustees to the tuberculosis service and its accommodation of 18 beds used as a "preventorium" during the summer months.

Arrangements are in hand for the taking over of this home by the Corporation with a view to utilizing it as accommodation for contact children to whom B.C.G. vaccination will be offered.

It is desired to acknowledge with gratitude the fine gesture and co-operation exhibited by the present trustees of this valuable country convalescent home.

Conclusion.

The change over of the tuberculosis services produced by the National Health Service Act is still in process.

The clinical team based on Middlesbrough is gradually assuming diagnostic and treatment responsibilities for cases from the surrounding area of the North Riding of Yorkshire. The preventive side of the work is vested in the Medical Officer of Health's authority under whose direction the Chest Physician performs this work. The clinical team in Middlesbrough utilizing beds in the Middlesbrough hospitals, maintains a close liaison with the Health Departments of Middlesbrough and the North Riding of Yorkshire.

The machinery for diagnosis is adequate, the number of treatment beds available is higher than in most other comparable areas, the statistics indicate a favourable trend in the attack on tuberculosis and with the increasing rehousing of the population, further satisfactory progress should be possible.

Table i.

Age and Sex Distribution of Notifications.

Age Group		0-	1-	2-	5-	10-	15-	20-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	Total
Resp. Males		1	1	9	14	1		16	24	24	22	19	12	149
Resp. Females	• •		1	11	10	11	26	30	35	21	3	1		149
Non-Resp. Males				2	1	2]	1	1	1			9
Non-Resp. Female	es		1	6	5	4	4	2	7		1	1	2	33

Table ii.

Age and Sex Distribution of Deaths.

											1
Age Groups		0-5	5-	10-	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	Total
Resp. Males					3	7	13	16	7	13	59
Resp. Females		1			14	7	11	4	3	1	41
Non-Resp. Males		2	1			1		2			6
Non-Resp. Female	es	3	1	2	1				1	3	11
Non-Resident Dea	aths										19

Table iii.

Case Finding—sources of Notification.

Chest Clinic, General Hospital	 	134
G. P. X-ray Scheme	 	58
Contacts	 	55
Mass Radiography	 	55
Registrar's Returns	 	20
Transfers from other areas, etc.	 • •	18

VENEREAL DISEASES.

It will be seen from the figures in the appended tables that there was an increase during the year in the number of new cases attending the Clinic, there being 1,193 for the year, as compared with 1,340 for 1948.

This increase has shown itself in Gonorrhoea, Syphilis and in Soft Chancre, the comparable figures being as follows:—

				1948	1949
Syphilis.					
0 1	Males		• •	226	180
	Females		• •	92	68
Gonorrhoea	Males		• •	330	270
	Females	• •	• •	34	23
Soft Chaner	e.				
	Males			24	3
	Females	• •	• •		
Other Conditions.					
	Males		* *	527	533
	Females		• •	107	116

ALMONER'S REPORT.

There is still an important part to be played by the Almoner of a Special Treatment Clinic. Women and girls, particularly young married ones who attend the clinic for the first time, often feel very sensitive and upset and are very anxious to talk to someone to whom they can unburden their minds in confidence. This of course is where the Almoner is able to help. New patients need to be given encouragement as it is essential that they should attend regularly if treatment is advised. Families and contacts are assiduously followed up and persuaded to have the necessary tests to determine whether they are free from infection. There have been 57 children examined during the year and of these 14 are having treatment, the rest being free from disease. During the year over 800 letters have been sent out to patients and about 600 visits made.

Congenital Syphilis.

Cases Classified in Age Groups.

Sex	Under One Year	1 to 5	5 to 15	Over 15 Years	Total
MALE	2	1	4	2	9
FEMALE	4	1	2	1	8
Total	6	2	6	3	17
			h l		

CONVALESCENT HOMES.

Under the provisions of the National Health Service Act, 1946, 30 patients were admitted to Convalescent Homes as shown below:—

North Eastern Counties Friendly Societies' Convalescent Home, Grange-over-Sands	9
Lady of Lourdes Convalescent Home, Grange-over-Sands	10
Proctor Memorial Home, Shotley Bridge, Northumberland	10
The Lady Forester Trust Convalescent Home, Much Wenlock, Shropshire	1

LABORATORY FACILITIES.

I am indebted to Dr. D. J. H. Payne for the following figures of specimens sent to the Public Health Laboratory, Northallerton from the Middlesbrough area, which shows the volume of work being done by this Laboratory for this area:—

Throat and	nasal sv	vab	s	1,770
Faecal and	rectal sy	vab	S	4,092
Urine				333
Blood				226
Milk: 429	Graded,	10	Ungraded	439
Ice Cream				79
Miscellaneo	ous		• •	1,507

Chemical Analyses continued to be carried out by the Borough Analysts, Messrs. Jackson and Scholes.

Bacteriological and chemical examinations of samples of water were also carried out at the Tees Valley Water Board's Laboratories by Dr. E. V. Suckling of the Counties Public Health Laboratory.

Details of water examination are referred in the section devoted to Water Supply on pages 00 to 00.

MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE.

Constitution and Meetings of the Mental Health Sub-Committee.

The Mental Welfare Sub-Committee for the year, was constituted as follows:—

Alderman Welch (Chairman).

The Mayor (Alderman E. Turner, J.P.).

Alderman Allen, Cocks, Randall.

Councillors Boothby, Brown, Crass, Crosby, Duck, Gilmore, Johnson, and Mellanby.

Co-opted Members: Dr. C. Rudd, Mr. J. Dumford, Councillor W. H. Loraine.

This Sub-Committee of the Health Committee sits monthly on the first Tuesday, following the Council Meeting.

Staff of the Mental Health Service.

The planning and general supervision is under the control of the Medical Officer of Health, the detailed administration being undertaken by the Deputy Medical Officer of Health.

It has still been found impossible to appoint a Psychiatrist on a whole-time basis, or to obtain the part-time services of a Specialist of the Regional Hospital Board.

A new Senior Assistant Medical Officer of Health (Dr. A. W. Mearns) was appointed on the 1st May, 1949, in order to allow the Deputy Medical Officer of Health to give more time to this service.

There were two Mental Welfare Officers and Duly Authorised Officers, viz.:—Mr. W. R. Sidaway and Mrs. L. W. Sawdon, and also two part-time Duly Authorised Officers—Mr. W. Marshall and Mr. Horner (who ceased duty in March 1949) Male Nurses on St. Luke's Mental Hospital Staff. This number of staff appears to be on the low side for the amount of work to be undertaken, and other assistance is under review.

The main change in the staff of the service was that the clerical side of the work was transferred over from the Town Clerk's Department to the Health Department as from the 18th September.

Staff Accommodation.

During the year, the Mental Welfare Offices, together with the Health Department transferred their offices to 26, Southfield Road.

Staff Training.

The second Mental Welfare Officer attended a three-week Course, organised by Durham University, in conjunction with the Newcastle Regional Hospital Board, during this year, 25.4.49—14.5.49.

Occupation Centre.

The Occupation Centre is still unsatisfactorily housed in Settlement Hall, Newport Road, and there has been no change in staff. Twenty-two Middlesbrough children and one other from the North Riding County Council were in training at the Centre at the end of the year.

Occupation Centre Staff Training.

Mrs. E. M. Dent, the Assistant Supervisor, attended a Refresher Course in London from 21st July—29th July, 1949.

New Occupation Centre.

Plans for a new Occupation Centre were drawn up by the Borough Engineer, for a site near the Remand Home in Lansdowne Road, and were approved by the Mental Welfare Sub-Committee during the year. The Borough Engineer was requested to submit plans to the Ministry of Health Architect, for comment.

Mental Deficiency Acts.

Petitions by Medical Practitioners.

There has been no change in the Medical Officers authorised to act as Medical Practitioners for the purpose of presenting petitions under the Mental Deficiency Acts, during 1949. They are:—

Medical Officer of Health (Dr. C. L. Elder).

Deputy Medical Officer of Health (Dr. J. C. Birchall).

Medical Superintendent, Middlesbrough General Hospital (Mr. E. W. Grahame).

Medical Superintendent, St. Luke's Mental Hospital (Dr. T. M. Cuthbert).

Senior Assistant School Medical Officer (Dr. J. Cahill).

Late Medical Superintendent, St. Luke's Mental Hospital (Dr. H. G. Drake-Brockman).

Late Medical Superintendent, Middlesbrough General Hospital (Dr. W. Britain Jones).

Aftercare Officer.

By arrangement with the National Association for Mental Health, Miss C. R. Hogg, their local Aftercare Officer, continued to give 4/11ths of her services to Middlesbrough cases, and a pro rata payment was made by the Local Authority to the National Association for Mental Health.

Co-ordination with Regional Hospital Board and Hospital Management Committee.

There have been no further changes in the relationship of the Health Department to the above bodies during the year. Dr. G. McCoull, Medical Superintendent of the Prudhoe and Monkton Hospital, continued to run a Mental Deficiency Clinic once a month at the General Hospital. Dr. T. M. Cuthbert, Physician-Superintendent of St. Luke's Mental Hospital, Middlesbrough, continued his weekly Out-patient Clinic at the General Hospital. The former Clinic was well used, and all children whom the Committee wished to recommend as requiring in-patient care in a hospital for mental defectives, were referred to Dr. McCoull, and although all suitable cases were placed on his waiting list, the number of admissions remains inadequate, owing to the shortage of beds.

Reports on the home conditions of patients in institutions or on licence, were furnished by the Mental Welfare Officers on request to the Medical Superintendents.

Duties delegated to Voluntary Associations.

No duties were delegated to any Local Voluntary Association, but as previously stated, arrangements were made with the National Association for Mental Health, for the part-time user of local Aftercare Officer and local office for after-care visiting.

Work undertaken in the Community.

(a) Section 28-National Health Service Act, 1946.

Aftercare of Mental Health cases discharged from St. Luke's Hospital, but remaining under the jurisdiction of the Physician-Superintendent, has been conducted by the Physchiatric Social Worker attached to the hospital. The care of others who, on discharge, are notified to the Medical Officer of Health for aftercare, has been undertaken by Miss Hogg, the local Officer of the National Association for Mental Health. 27 new cases came under Miss Hogg's care during the year, and the total number of cases receiving aftercare from Miss Hogg on the 31st December, 1949, was:—

Males		20
Females	• •	37
Total		— 57

The total number of visits paid was 887.

(b) The Lunacy and Mental Treatment Acts, 1890-1930.

The following cases have been admitted to St. Luke's Hospital by the Duly Authorised Officers, during the year:—

Voluntary	19
Temporary	36
Certified	39
Urgency Order	1
Section 20	33
Section 21	2
Total	130

The cases have been dealt with as follows:—

Mr. Sidaway	64
Mrs. Sawdon	59
Mr. Marshall	6
Mr. Horner	1

The services of the Town Ambulances were required on 86 occasions and private taxis on 44 occasions.

In addition, the following 149 cases have been admitted to St. Luke's Hospital by other sources:—

Voluntary	٠	•	147
Temporary			2
Total		•	149
10tai			エモリ

(c) Mental Deficiency Acts 1913-1938.

The following table shows the disposal of Middlesbrough Mental Defective cases, in Institutions:—

Prudhoe and Monkton Hospit	tal		137
Aycliffe Hospital			7
Rampton State Institution			6
Lisieux Hall	• •		4
St. Joseph's Home			2
Moss-side Institution			3
Etloe House			1
Royal Albert Institution			1
Feld Heath House			1
Whittingham Hall			2
Monkton Hall Home			1
Bishop Auckland Institution			1
Harton Institution		• •	1
Howbeck House, Hartlepool			4
Manor Hospital, Epsom	• •	• •	1
			172

Number of patients on licence at the end of the year was:—

Prudhoe Hall Colony .. 7

Prudhoe and Monkton Hospital remained the main hospital for admission of Middlesbrough cases, via Dr. McCoull's Outpatient Clinic at the General Hospital, Middlesbrough.

The following cases were admitted during the year:—

Adult Males	 	2
Adult Females	 • •	2
Female children	 	
Male children	 • •	4
Total	 	8

Ascertainment, including number of Defectives awaiting vacancies in Institutions at the end of the year.

18 cases (8 male and 10 female) were notified by the Local Education Authority under Section 57 (3) of the Education Act, 1944, during the year.

3 cases (2 male and 1 female) were notified under Section 57 (5) and 5 cases (3 male and 2 female) were notified by other sources.

Of these, two male and one female were admitted to Institutions, 6 male and 7 female were placed under statutory supervision and 5 male and 5 female are awaiting vacancies in Institutions.

At the end of the year there were 58 cases (28 male and 30 female) awaiting admission to Institutions.

Guardianship and Supervision.

At the end of the year, 359 cases were under supervision, being 191 males and 168 females. 1 case was under guardianship at the end of the year.

Training.

At the end of the year 22 cases were in attendances at the Occupation Centre being 13 males and 9 females.

Ambulance Service.

The Local Authority Ambulance Service, including sitting-case cars, has been made available for the conveyance of patients attending for Mental Treatment, for admission to hospital, and for the transport to Clinics of children attending the Occupation Centre, etc.

HOME NURSING SERVICE.

The Middlesbrough District Nursing Association have continued to provide a Home Nursing Service on behalf of the Council. At the beginning of the year there were 11 nurses employed whole-time and 6 nurses employed part-time working under the direction of the Superintendent, Miss I. G. Bulloch and her Assistant, Miss J. Campion. Staff changes occurred during the year and on the 31st December, 1949, there were 10 nurses employed whole-time and 7 nurses employed part-time. The Home is approved for Training purposes.

The administrative relationship with the Department has been a happy one.

Shown below is a summary of the work of the Association based on the monthly reports submitted:—

ACT, 1946.	YEAR, 1949.	
HEALTH SERVICE	SERVICE-FOR THE	
NATIONAL	HOME NURSING	
	H	

MIDDLESDROUGH DISTRICT INC.

Ex-hospital Cases	18 118 8 8 11 12 9 9	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Total Visits paid	3,884 3,922 4,539 4,222 4,066 3,771 4,493 4,4493 4,4493	Laparotomy Leukaemia Medicals Nephrectomy Pneumonectomy Post Abortion Prostatectomy Rodent Ulcer Septic Hand Skin graft on thigh Spina bifida Trigeminal Neurectomy Tuberculosis Ulcer of Leg
Cases Remaining on books at end of month	156 171 169 146 155 144 145 168 169 169	Laparotomy Leukaemia Medicals Nephrectomy Pneumonia Post Abortion Prostatectomy Rodent Ulcer Septic Hand Skin graft on th Spina bifida Trigeminal Neu Tuberculosis Ulcer of Leg
Discharged	103 78 116 119 84 81 75 65 65 69 90	AL CASES. 1 10 11 11 11 11 12 12 13 14 14 15 16 17 18 19
Total	259 285 285 285 239 210 224 259 259	OF EX-HOSPITAL Dermatitis Diabetes Fistula Fractures Gangrene Gastrectomy Gastrectomy Chastric Ulcer Gastrostomy Heart Disease Hernia Hemiplegia Intestinal Obstruction
New Cases	109 93 114 96 93 77 77 91 85	ANALYSIS OF ANALYSIS OF Dermat Diabete Empye Fistula Gangre Gangre Gastrec Gastrec Gastrec Heart Heart Henria Intestii
Patients Receiving Attention at beginning of month	150 150 171 171 169 145 168 168	
	January February March April May June July August September October November	Abdominal Abscess Accidents of Childbirth Amputation Appendicectomy Bladder Diseases Cancer Carbuncle Carbuncle Carbuncle Carbuncle Carbuncle Carbuncle Carbuncle Carbuncle Carbuncle Cholecystectomy Circuncision Congenital Hip

ANALYSIS OF NEW CASES AND VISITS PAID.

	Ja	January.	Fel	February.	ME	March.	45	April.	M	May.	JL	June.	J.	July.	Anonst	101	Santembor	nhar	Ootobon		N. O. F. C.	,	-	
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rearcal	- 55 	9,035	75	2,033	7	2,237	32	2,008	288	2,071	93	2052,	120	1,923	27	1.836	29	1.795	9.5. 9	9 115	İ	9.456	150	0 0
Surgical	30	₩ <u>6</u> 8	0#	953	Tes	1,101	200	1,108	30	176	20	768	26	858	96	796		67.5		0.60		000	- C	4 4 76 4
Pneumonia	15	153		66	11	113	5.	89	[~	09	-	ja) qr)		70		60		00	006	99 1	186
Tubereulosis	00	101	П	16	63	105		27	-1	7	-	10	÷.	; [·	# F	J 0	٦,	00	# 1	23	01	07 20	∞	50
Diabetes	-11	596		100 to	10	055	.,,	F 0 2	· .		4 (÷	T ,	-	 N 3	ائن	101	_	164		105	© I	† 9
Children under 5	_	3	,	1 1			c	177	23	99)	.77	189	ŝ	725	 i	661	ବଦ	652	ಣ	212	2	992	60	930
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Fuerperal Pyrexia	_	ं	-	9	-	େ	ତଃ	14					7		_	и			d	-	ŧ) (ò	7
Gynaecological			-	12		62	_	18	1			Ľ	4	7	4	9	ļ	1 7	a	-	1		1	
Special Injections			2.5	กร	<u>ه</u>	100	G	14		,		- (-		ಣ			1-		e0
Post-Natal) ,	3	î 1		7	00		7.0	1	 0:0	-	09	П	11	ಣ	114	<u> </u>	00	ũ	101	ତୀ	107
				ب	⊣		-	 	1					1		-	1		1		1			
ınıluenza					2	36		11		1			1											
Casual Visits		150		ŦŦ		92		7.5		62		22		7.5		99		- 16		68		9.5		1.5
	10.1	3,884	93	3,922	114	4,539	96	4,222	93	4.086	2.0	2 671		0, 770	1 3	3 3								

NURSING STAFF.

Part-time. Whole-time.

At 31st December, 1949 ...

DOMESTIC/HOME HELP SERVICE.

The Domestic Help Service has been operating for 18 months under the National Health Service Act, 1946.

As laid down in the Act, domestic help is available "For households where such help is required owing to the presence of any person who is ill, lying in, an expectant mother, mentally defective, aged, or a child not over compulsory school age." Thus, help is readily available not only to households where the mother is incapacitated by sickness, but to any household where domestic trouble threatens to disrupt family life. A husband whose wife left him, was left to cope with several small children. A Home Help was sent in until the father was able to make more permanent arrangements. The value of a Home Help in these circumstances is inestimable.

Applications from the aged and infirm are increasing. It is very hard for old ladies to relinquish the reins of their household duties to someone else, but as they get used to the idea they come to rely on the Home Help more and more, not only to keep their homes clean, but also to bring in bits of friendly gossip which keep them interested in life about them. A Home Help to them, and the old men living alone is a breath of the outside world and is a great tonic.

Enquiries for Domestic Help numbered 313 during the year as compared with 300 during 1948. The majority of applications 76% (80% in 1948), came from the patients themselves or their relatives. The other 24% of applications came from Doctors, 7% D.N.A., 5%, National Assistance Board, 4%, Health Visitors 3%, Hospitals 2%, others 3%.

In addition to the above, 214 bookings were made for a Domestic Help at confinement, as compared with 250 during 1948, but only 114 had the services of a Domestic Help at confinement. The other 100 cancelled their bookings and made arrangements with either friends or relatives. This is not such a satisfactory arrangement, as a mother cannot get the same freedom from household worries as she could if she had the services of a full time Home Help.

The following table shows the number of cases attended during 1949:—

		eneral	l-time. Maternit Cases.	y time	Less than Half-time Help.	Total.
On back to Let T				-		
On books 1st Jan.,		3 ~			3.0	4.0
1949		15	4	11	19	49
New Cases		93	114	80	74	361
Cases Completed		96	113	78	45	334
On books, 31st Dec	٠,					
1949		12	5	13	46	76

The number of Domestic Helps employed during the year has varied from 39 at the beginning of the year to 43 in December, the minimum number of Helps (35) being employed during the Summer months.

AMBULANCE SERVICE.

The Ambulance Service continued to function as in previous years, based on the General Hospital, with one separate vehicle stationed at West Lane Hospital for Infectious Disease Calls. The calls on the service increased considerably during the year, the service being fully employed particularly during Out-Patient Clinic hours.

Three new ambulances were placed in service during the year, and two old ambulances withdrawn, so that by the end of the year the vehicle strength was 8 Ambulances and 2 Sitting-Case Cars.

The strength of the ambulance staff was increased by 2 drivers and 1 attendant, and 1 temporary telephonist, the total staff at the end of the year being 10 male drivers, 6 male attendants, 4 female attendants, 3 male telephonists and 1 female telephonist. During the year a new telephone switchboard was installed for the General Hospital and by arrangement with the Hospital Management Committee it was agreed, as a temporary measure, that the new switchboard be operated by the Ambulance Service staff, this arrangement necessitating the employment of a temporary telephonist to act as a relief for rest-days. Previously an ambulance attendant used to act as relief telephonist but owing to the heavy calls on the service, this arrangement had to be abandoned.

The following figures show the numbers and types of cases dealt with in the years 1948 and 1949:—

	1948.		1949.	
Calls Cases	$\frac{-}{4,484}$ $\frac{4,907}{4,907}$		12,194 13,223	
Infectious Disease Cases (included in above)	511	(from July 5th)	1,158	
Street Accidents and Illnesses Works Accidents and	337		460	
Illnesses Maternity	460 375	including 11 calls for the Obstet. Flying Squad.		including 25 calls for the Obstet. Flying Squad.
Private Removals Police Cases Coroner's Cases Total Mileage Petrol Consumed	3,630 22 83 43,354 3,491		$ \begin{array}{r} 10,369 \\ 27 \\ 94 \\ 102,292 \\ 6964 \end{array} $	gallons.

A further analysis of the 1949 figures shows that of the 13,223 cases removed:—

- (a) 10,182 were conveyed by ambulance, involving a mileage of 66,242 miles.
- (b) 3,041 were conveyed by sitting case cars, involving a mileage of 36,050 miles.
- (c) 2,525 were conveyed to places outside the Borough boundary.

The number of patients removed by ambulance to the West Lane Hospital was 1,158.

Ambulance Station.

Owing to future expansion at the General Hospital, the Hospital Management Committee is anxious to terminate the tenancy of the present Ambulance Station. A new site has been selected on Holgate ground, and the Borough Engineer has been asked to prepare a plan for a new Station.

NURSING HOMES.

	No. of	No of	beds provid	ded for:
	Homes.	Maternity.	- L	
Homes first registered				
during the year	2	12	14	26
Homes on the Register	r at			
the end of the year	3	22	18	40

The Nursing Homes registered were the Holyrood and Ardencaple Nursing Homes, which have been inspected and found to comply with the Regulations.

HEALTH EDUCATION.

During the year in the exercise of the powers conferred on the Local Health Authority by the Public Health Act, 1936, and the National Health Service Act, 1946, lectures to various local organisations were again given by members of the Medical and Nursing Staffs. Articles were also published in the local press.

An exhibition stand was obtained on loan from the Central Council for Health Education; which is circulated to Cinema Foyers. the Railway Station and other Public Buildings. The topics for display were changed every 6 weeks.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948. CARE OF OLD PEOPLE.

One case was admitted to Holgate under Section 47. This was an old lady of 67 years, living alone in an attic room, as a sub-tenant. The room and the old lady were in a very dirty state, and the old lady dependent on herself alone, was neglected and unable to give herself the necessary care. She refused to move to Holgate voluntarily, and on the 20th May, a three month Court Order was obtained for the detention of the old lady in Holgate. This Order has been renewed every three months until the end of the year, as she persists in her wish to leave Holgate.

23 other old people were visited by the Deputy Medical Officer of Health, with a view to a Section 47 Order, and were disposed of as follows:—

8 cases were admitted to Holgate voluntarily; 11 were found to be sufficiently cared for as to be beyond any action under Section 47; many were given such help as would enable them to carry on living at home satisfactorily; 4 were assisted into hospital beds.

The sources of information about the 24 old people were as follows:—

- 2 notified by Town Councillors.
- 5 notified by National Assistance Board.
- 1 notified by the Borough Treasurer.
- 4 notified by neighbours or relatives.
- 4 notified by the Police.
- 2 were found by Health Visitors.
- 1 notified by N.S.P.C.C.
- 2 notified by Chief Sanitary Inspector.
- 2 notified by anonymous letter.
- 1 no record.

All cases not admitted to hospital or Holgate are receiving visits by Health Visitors.

I would like to say that the change over in the Control of Hospitals has rendered admission of the chronic aged sick more difficult, and I would like to suggest that the Medical Officer of Health could render valuable assistance to the Local Hospital Management Committee by assessing the priority of these cases awaiting admission in the manner at present undertaken for admission of women to the Maternity Hospital on the grounds of unsuitable home conditions. At the same time cases awaiting admission could be afforded whatever assistance is available or required, pending their admission.

SECTION D.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES IN THE AREA. WATER SUPPLY.

I am indebted to Mr. T. S. R. Winter, Engineer and General Manager of the Tees Valley Water Board, for the following report:—

The water supply to the area has been satisfactory in quality and, to domestic consumers, in quantity.

Eight bacteriological samples of raw water were examined per month. The water supply is examined as it leaves the treatment works and at various points in the area. Approximately 100 samples per month were taken for bacteriological examination, all of which proved satisfactory. A summary of analysis is enclosed. The water supply is not liable to have any plumbo-solvent action.

The water is purified by slow sand filters followed by treatment with ammonia and chlorine. Water which has been standing in open service reservoirs is also treated with ammonia and chlorine before passing into distribution.

Population of Middlesbrough	 145,050
Number of Houses	 38,424
Stand pipe supplies	 Nil

SUMMARY OF CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL ANALYSES.

RIVER TEES SUPPLY, DARLINGTON.

Summary of Results—1949.

Appearance—Clear and bright. Odour—Nil.

2121			Average	Maximum	Minimum
pH			7.3	7.5	6.0
Colour (Hazen)	• •		47	100	$\begin{array}{c} 6.9 \\ 27 \end{array}$
Free Carbon Dioxide	• •	• •	5	7	$\frac{27}{3}$
Total Solids	• •	• •	145	205	95
Chlorides	• •	• •	9	11	7
Total Alkalinity		• •	71	115	30
Total Hardness			$9\overline{1}$	135	40
Temporary Hardness	• •	• •	71	115	30
Permanent Hardness	• •		20	35	5
Nitrogen in Nitrates	• •		0.5	1.2	0.0
Nitrogen in Nitrites			0.01	0.01	0.00
Free Ammonia	• •		0.017	0.088	0.000
Albuminoid Ammonia		• •	0.061	0.120	0.028
Oxygen Absorbed in 3	hrs.				
at 37°C	• •		4.2	8.20	1.8
Iron	• •	• •	0.07	0.24	0.03

Chemical Results expressed in parts per 1,000,000. Bacteriological Results.

Bacteria on Agar at 37°C. per ml. 1 day 6	8	1:	3
Bacteria on Agar at 37°C. per ml. 2 days 18	18	160	0
Bacteria on Agar at 20°C. per ml. 3 days Nil.	1		1
Percentage of samples giving Presumptive I reaction per 100 ml		• •	Nil.
Percentage of samples giving C1. Welchii reaction per 100 ml	• •		92
Percentage of samples giving C1. Welchire reaction per 10 ml	ii • • •		Nil.

LARTINGTON GRAVITATION SUPPLY.

Summary of Results—1949.

Appearance — Clear and Bright.

Odour-Nil.

Odour 1111.					
			Average	Maximum	Minimum
рН			7.0	7.1	6.8
Colour (Hazen)			7.0	100	3 5
Free Carbon Dioxide			6	11	4
Total Solids		• •	91	110	70
Chlorides			7	9	6
Total Alkalinity			43	55	25
Total Hardness	• •		53	65	40
Temporary Hardness	• •		43	55	25
Permanent Hardness			10	15	Nil.
Nitrogen in Nitrates			0.1	0.6	0.0
Nitrogen in Nitrites			0.01	0.01	0.00
Free Ammonia	• •	• •	0.038	0.140	0.000
Albuminoid Ammonia	l		0.067	0.120	0.030
Oxygen Absorbed in 3	3 hrs.	at			
37°C			5.7	9.0	3.5
Iron	• •	• •	0.19	0.34	0.05

Chemical Results expressed in parts per 1,000,000. Bacteriological Results.

Bacteria on Agar at 37°C.				
per ml. 1 day	6	9	6	
Bacteria on Agar at 37°C. per ml. 2 days	12	16	40	
Bacteria on Agar at 20°C. per ml. 3 days	1	1	Nil.	
Percentage of samples giving Pre reaction per 100 ml				4.
Percentage of samples giving C1. reaction per 100 ml				62
Percentage of samples giving C1. reaction per 10 ml	Welchii			Nil.

PUBLIC BATHS.

I am obliged to Mr. Sydney Fisher, the Baths Superintendent, for the following information:—

The year 1949 was again a record year for baths attendances the increase (of 5,513) being attributable partly to the introduction of Winter Swimming Sessions for schoolchildren and the enthusiasm shown by the local amateur swimming clubs.

The 1949 figures are made up as follows:—

Swimming Baths	• •			183,737
Gents' Slipper Ba	iths			51,402
Ladies',	,,			16,870
Turkish	,,			2,981
Russian ,,	,,			1,550
Radiant Heat				613
Foam		• •	• •	468
Brine				202
Schoolchildren		• •		51,524
Youth Organisation	ons		• •	16,205
Cannon Street Ba	ths			18,338
Dacre Street Bath	ns			16,623
	$\operatorname{Tot} a$	al		360.513

With the co-operation of the Director of Education and his staff, a good opening to the season was made by the organisation of a schoolboys swimming gala, the swimming being of an exceptionally high standard.

Numerous awards of the Royal Life Saving Society were gained both by the schools and members of the general public, and efforts in this work were encouraged by the presentation to the District Branch of the Society by the Sanitary and Baths Committee of a Master Life Saving Trophy.

There is a call for more bathing facilities and their provision has been considered during the year by the Sanitary and Baths Committee.

The filtration and chlorinating plants functioned well, meeting satisfactorily the increased pressure placed upon them.

SEWERS AND DRAINS.

The lengths of drains and sewers laid during the year were:—

	Sewers.	Drains.	Totals.
	1. 1	1. 1	1' 1.
	lin. yds.	lin. yds.	lin. yds.
By Local Authority	4,500	20,760	25,260
By Private Enterprise	Nil.	1,020	1,020
Totals	4,500	21,780	26,280

Mr. Henry Whitfield, Chief Sanitary Inspector, is responsible for this section:

PUBLIC CLEANSING.

HOUSEHOLD AND TRADE REFUSE.

Collection.

There are 38,424 inhabited houses and shops in the town.

The collection of household refuse is made by 21 motor and electric collection vehicles.

No charge is made for the collection of any trade refuse that has a commercial value, such as paper, tins, rags, etc.

Disposal.

During the year, 36,043 tons of refuse were disposed of as under, as against 37,089 tons during the previous year :—

Method of I	Disposal.		Tonnage.	Percentage.
				Service of the service of
Separation and Inc	eineration	• •	30,203	83.80
Food Waste Conce	ntrator		1,269	3.52
Controlled Tipping			709	1.97
Barged to Sea			913	2.53
Organic Plant	• •		277	0.77
Miscellaneous	• •	• •	2,672	7.41
Total	• •		${36,043}$ ton	as 100.00%

Of the 1,269 tons of Kitchen Waste treated in the Food Waste Concentrator, 563 tons were purchased from other Local Authorities, etc.

The constituents of the refuse at the Refuse Disposal Works after separation were as follows:—

				Tons	Percentage
Dust		• •	• •	$-{9,602}$	31.80
Cinders	• •			2,577	8.53
Metals			• •	632	2.09
Rags			• •	7	0.02
Bones				6	0.02
Bottles			• •	17	0.06
Paper		• •	• •	294	0.97
Miscellaneo	us			8	0.03
Balance to I	Fires	• •	• •	17,060	56.48
	Cotal	• •	• •	30,203 to	$\frac{100.00}{0}$
		value of			ered, includi

ing Organic Salvage, were as follows:-

Organic Salvage, we	olo as i	Weight.			Value.			
		Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.	£	s.	d.
Waste Paper	• •	918	17	2		6,014	19	7
FERROUS METALS:								
" Black " Scra	р	138	9	1	0	299	5	11
" Destructor	Scrap	1,000	17	0	0	2,402	0	8
Non-Ferrous Met.	ALS:							
		Tons	Cwts.	Qrs	. Lbs.	$\mathfrak L$	S.	d.
Aluminium Scra	ap	1	8	1		60	8	8
Copper Scrap	• •		13	3		22	7	6
Brass Scrap	• •	1	7	3	• •	29	17	6
Zinc Scrap	• •		• •		• •	•	•	• •
Lead Scrap	• •		4	2	• •	10	6	3
Pewter Scrap	¢ •	• •	• •	2		2	16	0
Textiles		34	19	• •	• •	173	10	9
Bottles, Jars, etc.		16	8	• •		131	16	6
Cullet		6	6	1	• •	10	8	4
Cinder Fuel		333	16		• •	166	18	0
Stable Manure	• •	161	3		• •	80	11	6
Concentrated Kitche	n Waste	738	9	• •		4,160	8	3
Bones		3	9		• •	19	16	9
Fish Meal		50	13	• •	• •	1,259	15	9
Miscellaneous	• •	1	5	3	• •	10	2	6
	Total	3,408	7	2	£	14,855	10	<u>5</u>

The value of materials recovered, £14,855 10s. 5d. shows an increase of £1,769 13s. 10d. compared with the total for the previous year, namely £13,085 16s. 7d.

In addition, claims have been made by the Department against the Board of Trade as under:—

- (a) Waste Paper—Increased Collection Allowance, £191 12s. 0d.
- (b) Concentrated Kitchen Waste Allowance (1st October 1948/30th April 1949), £170 9s. 2d.

Since the inauguration of the Separation Plant in 1939, the amount of materials recovered is £113,507 9s. 0d.

The costs of collection and disposal for the year 1949 from the figures in the Estimates supplied to the Borough Treasurer are as follows:—

	Total Cost.	Cost per Ton.	Cost per House.		
Collection	 £40,192	23/5d.	20/11d.		
Disposal	 £8,881	4/11d.	4/7d.		

Throughout the year a weekly collection of household refuse was maintained as far as possible.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF AREA.

Description of Work carried out.		
Number of Inspections made	• •	. 11,640
Number of re-inspections made	·	. 15,022
Number of Food Inspections		4,128
Number of Interviews	• •	. 774
Smoke Tests applied to new dr	ains .	. 118
Smoke Tests applied to old dra	ins .	. 32
Drains cleared with Cooper's Va	cuum Pun	1 p
(Free of cost to owners)	• •	1,726
	Notices	Nuisances
	Served	Abated
Drainage	include:	include:
Drainage:		
Cleanse and Repair	498	485
Defective Sink Waste Pipes	223	181
Defective yard gullies	91	63
Absence of gully grates	25	17
Defective gully covers	46	35
Waterclosets:		
Drains (Cleanse and Repair)	253	245
Burst water pipes	381	362
Defective basins	201	165
Defective cisterns	384	329
Defective doors	248	191
Dilapidated seats	215	166
Defective roofs	273	182
Defective joint between		
flushpipe and watercloset		
basin	79	61

Houses:

Defective roofs		999	692
Defective water spouts and	l		
fallpipes	• •	1,245	879
Defective sinks		91	56
Defective yard surfaces	• •	223	147
Defective floors		452	323
Burst water service pipes		423	415
Dilapidated Dustbins	• •	1,264	1,167
Defective chimneys	• •	137	96
Defective ceilings		275	178
Defective wallplaster		815	584
Defective sashcords and wi	indows	890	654
Defective fireplaces	• •	174	135
Defective fireranges		338	229
Defective walls		1,285	810
Defective ovens		4	3
Dilapidated setpots	• •	66	36
Defective handrails	• •	16	Abbedonks (SE)
Defective stairtreads	• •	29	13
Defective flues	• •	77	57
Defective yard doors	• •	271	211
Defective back passage sur	faces	33	33
Defective coalhouse doors	• •	194	151
Defective coalhouse			
doorframes		107	88
Defective house doors		335	186
Absence of washing			
accommodation		64	39
Defective Gas washing boil	lers	99	47
Miscellaneous works not			
classified	• •	991	823

Summary:— Notices served .. 6,658 to cover 13,814 nuisances.

Nuisances abated . . 10,534.

The attention of the Borough Engineer has been called to the following defects:—

Apparently dang	erous struct	ures	• •	19
Miscellaneous			• •	82

Infectious Diseases.

During the year 325 houses have been inspected, incurring 19 re-inspections, compared with 541 inspections and 37 re-inspections last year, owing to cases of Infectious Disease (including Tuberculosis), and reports thereon have been made.

The number of inhabited rooms disinfected owing to cases of Infectious Diseases was 708 as compared with 919 last year.

Offensive Trades.

• •		• •	23
		6	
• •	• •	3	
	• •	2	
		5	
	• •	1	
• •		5	
		1	
• •	• •	• •	24
			4
			$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

The whole of the Offensive Trades on the Register have been conducted satisfactorily, and in no instance where any minor alteration or improvement has been suggested has there been anything but a ready response to carry out the same.

During the year the Council decided to apply for the renewal of Bye-laws which lapsed on 1st April, 1940.

Fish Friers :-

Number on Register		121
Number discontinued during the year	• •	• •
Number registered during the year		4
Number of inspections made		462
Number of notices to limewash	• •	18
Number of letters sent re minor		
contraventions, alterations to		
premises, etc	• •	62

This trade is now registered under Section 14, Food and Drugs Act, 1938.

Rats and Mice Destruction Act, 1919.

In 1942 a whole-time Rodent Officer with an assistant was appointed. The following tables show the results of their labours.

TABLE I.

	Of	fficial Rat	Catcher	1	Ra	t Clubs.	
Year.	Visits.	Rats Killed.	Baits Laid.	Mice Killed.	Visits.	Rats Killed.	Mice Killed.
1945	$\frac{-}{3,352}$	3,003	$\frac{-}{3,986}$		131	739	
1946	2,877	5,466	3,845	357	130	594	
1947	$2,\!598$	3,733	1,466	459	108	570	• •
1948	2,316	2,867	921	1,077	82	462	• •
1949	1,845	1,670	4,274	1,667	71	711	

TABLE II.

One Works—Treated in conjunction with Ministry of Food. (Registered under Offensive Trades Byelaws).

		1945.
1st Treatment	Dead Rats Recovered	769
	Est. No. of Rats Killed	4,758
2nd Treatment	Dead Rats Recovered	5
	Estimated No. of	
	Rats Killed	547

(Not included in Table I).

Corporation's Own Treatment at these Works.

oorporation 5 on		*	*	*	*
		1946	1947	1948	1949
1st Treatment.	Dead Rats Recovered	316	86	93	70
	Estimated No. of Rats Killed	2,262	602	562	369
2nd Treatment.	Dead Rats Recovered	21	13	22	7
	Estimated No. of Rats Killed	1,140	274	202	77

* These figures for rats killed are included in Table I for years 1946, 1947, 1948 and 1949.

The estimated number of rats killed is based upon the Ministry's formula.

Eradication of rats and mice at dwelling houses is executed free of charge. Business premises are charged with the cost of the work.

SANITARY CONDITION OF THEATRES AND MUSIC HALLS.

There are 13 places of public entertainment within the Borough, 11 Cinemas and 2 Music Halls.

The Public Health Act empowers local authorities to inspect the sanitary condition of Cinemas, Music Halls, etc., and 18 visits were paid during the year, resulting in a good standard of cleanliness being maintained.

Hairdressers:

Section 286 of the Middlesbrough Corporation Act, 1933, makes it compulsory for all hairdressers and barbers to be registered with the Local Authority.

Number on Register	125
Number discontinued during the year	10
Number registered during the year	1
Number of change of occupiers	2
Number of inspections made	147
Number of letters sent re minor contraventions,	
alterations to premises, etc.	34

In all cases where a new business has been established, washhand basins with properly trapped waste discharge pipes to external gully have been provided, together with an adequate hot water supply.

Shops and Offices within the Borough.

(I) RETAIL OUTLETS	· Germanne vouse				
Bakers (Bread, (nd Pas	try)		194
Bicycle Dealers			(01 y)	• •	124
Boots and Shoes		irara)	• •	• •	47
do.		Footwe		• •	71
Bookshops		T. 000 W	ear)		47
Butchers	• •	• •	• •		19
Cafes (open to G	·· eneral l	·· Dublio)	• •	• •	158
Car and Motor C			• •		23
Chemists (Dispen	y olo De	alers	• •	• •	23
do. (Drugg:		• •	• •		49
China and Glassy		• •	• •	• •	54
Coal		• •			52
Corn and Seed St	Orog	• •	* *	• •	62
Confectioners (Ch					14
Dairies	iocorave	s, owe	ets)	• •	121
Drapers	• •	• •	• •	• •	19
Grocers	• •	• •	• •		96,
Electrical Equipm	· ·	• •			182
Fishmongers	пець	• •	• •	• •	56
Florists	• •	• •	• •		44
Fried Fish Dealer	• •				23
Fruit and Greeng			• •	• •	121
Furniture Dealers			• •	۰ ,	167
Hairdressers (Men		* *	• •		50
				• •	68
do. (Wor Health Food Store	men) ai	id Bea	uty Sho	ops	73
Herbalists	es	• •	• •		2
Ironmongers	• •	• •			5
Jewellers	• •	• •	• •		101
Launderers			• •		26
	· · ·	nr +			6
Licensed Premises				• •	98
do. Milk Bars	(OII)	License	e)	* · ·	58
	• •	• •		• •	1
Music Shops Outfitter's (Man)	• •	ē			5
Outfitter's (Men)		• •			63
do. (Wome Petrol Stations		• •	• •	• •	56
TOURINGTOUS					0.0

Phot	tographers				7	
	tary Engineers			• •	13	
	ets Stores				8	
_	ioners and Newsag				118	
Taile			• •		74	
					286	
		• •		• •	116	
v	lpapers and Paints				46	
	sch and Clock Deal				26	
		• •			38	
Sma	ll General Stores (Rateable exceedi	Value ng £20	not))	391	
(II) Ret	PAIL SHOPS:—					
	(a) Single Trade	Shops	• •	• •	705	
	(b) Multi-Trade S	Shops	• •	• •	1,566	
	(c) Department S	Stores	• •		12	
	(d) Co-operative	Stores and	l Bran	ches	31	
		Total	• •		2,314	
(III) Re	ETAIL STALLS :—	No. Sta	alls.	No. I	Days Open.	
(a) St	reet Traders .	. 50			6	
, ,	pen Air Markets	60)		2	
Note. (1)	Under Section I, business are incl they do business outlet for each.	uded und	der as	many	categories -	as
(2)	Under Section II once.	, a shop	is not	include	ed more tha	an
(3)	Small General S £20 are not cla Section I, but a item in that Sec	ssified un re groupe	ider t	he vario	ous heads	m
(4)	Sections I and Section III cover and items include	s Street	Trader	s and Ca	asual Marke	ets

Number of visits paid ...

3,036

Additional Sanitary and Washing Accommodation has been provided in 116 instances:—

	Offices	S	Nil.		
\$	Shops	• • • • •	116		
Camping Sites.					
	mping	g sites, as such, in	Middl	esbrou:	gh.
Verminous Premise					5
		ns			761
Number of Pre	mises	defested by the I)enarti	nent	761 209
Warning letter	s sent	to tenants	ocpai oi		49
		to owners	• •	• •	20
		Officer of Health		• •	2
		Department		• •	3
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •		16
					<u> </u>
Houses Defested by	Depa				
Ants		Dwellinghouses	• •		10
		Other premises	• •		• •
Bed Bugs		Dwellinghouses			108
		Other premises	• •		2
Cockroaches	• •	Dwellinghouses	• •		61
		Other premises	• •		11
Crickets		Dewllinghouses			
		Other premises	• 4	• •	3
Fleas		Dwellinghouses	• •	• •	
	• •	Other premises	• •	• •	4
Flies			• •	• •	2
riics	• •	Dwellinghouses Other are:			3
TA AT		Other premises	• •		3
Moths	• •	Dwellinghouses		• •	1
		Other premises	• •		
Woodlice		Dwellinghouses	• •		1
		Other premises			

The defestation of Corporation owned property is carried out under the supervision of the Housing Manager.

Factories Act, 1937.

There are 569 Factories on the Register, as follows:—

			With Mechanical Power.	Without Mechanical Power.
Bakehouses			43	21
Joiners and Undertaker	S.,		49	6
Printers			14	2
Motor Engineering			54	4
Boot Repairs			27	-
Tailoring, etc			17	5
Mantle Alterations, etc.		• •	9	18
Upholstery		• •	7	7
Cabinet Makers		• •	6	4
General Engineers			53	11
Electrical Engineering		• •	13	3
Sugar Boiling		• •	3	3
Laundries			11	
Monumental Masons			3	1
Miscellaneous		• •	137	38
		Totals	44 6	123
Number of Inspections (i Building and Engin	nc] eei	luding w ring Con	orks of struction)	894

On the whole, the Factories and other premises were found to be in a satisfactory condition and no legal proceedings were instituted.

The following is a summary of the work carried out during the year:—

Notices Received from His Majesty's Inspector of Factories:—

Removed from Register		• •	 30
Change of Business	• •		 36
New Premises			 32
Sanitary Defects, etc.	+ · •		 11

Notices Served under	THE AC	T:	• •		5,6		
(Concerning the follow	ving De	fects)					
General Cleanliness			• •		18		
Overcrowding							
Drainage of Floors	• •				• •		
SANITARY CONVENIED	NCES :-	-					
(a) Insufficient					2		
(b) Unsuitable of	r Defect	ive			29		
(c) Inadequately	ventila	ted			2		
(d) Not separate	for sex	es	• •				
(e) Cleanliness	• •				21		
General Defects							
Miscellaneous					2		
N.B.—The whole of exception of 8 items.	the nui	sances	were r	emedie	ed with the	he	
The responsibility for issuing the Fire Certificates is that of the Fire Brigade. 11 Certificates were issued.							
Home Work (Section	ons 110	& 111) :—				
19 Lists of Out-Workers (or Home-Workers) were received in the first half of the year and 19 for the second half.							
Number of Lists of	Out-wo	rkers r	eceived	• •	38		
Number of Employ	ers			• •	14		

In addition to the above a firm of drysalters was found to be employing Out-Workers packing small packets of salt for use with potato crisps. The homes of the workers were visited and where conditions were not satisfactory the firm concerned agreed to dispense with the workers services.

47

36

41

Number of Out-workers premises inspected

Number of Out-workers—2nd half of year ...

Number of Out-workers—1st half year

Rag Flock Regulations 1912.

14 samples were taken under the Regulations during the year.

The Public Analyst reported that all these samples conformed to the standard of cleanliness specified in the Rag Flock Regulations 1912.

Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs Act, 1926.

No samples were taken during the year.

Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933. Poisons Rules, 1935.

84 premises with the persons nominated to sell poisons under the above rules are now registered—a decrease of 24 during the year.

Upon registration, each person nominated was informed by letter of the need for separation of the commodity from foodstuffs, and where this was impossible, to store same upon the floor of the shop.

An inspection was made at each of the premises during the year.

Smoke, Grit and Fume Nuisances.

During the year the Council agreed to membership of the National Smoke Abatement Society. This, primarily, was the result of representations made by Billingham U.D.C. to all Tees-side Authorities expressing the desire that a common policy be adopted in carrying out improvements.

Meetings of the Authorities were held, when each Authority reported on its activities. It was agreed that in order to obtain an overall picture of the problem that the first step should be to obtain deposit gauges in order that assessment of pollution could be ascertained. Middlesbrough ordered 10 such gauges. It was hoped that these would be in position by 1st January, 1950, but non-receipt precluded this.

In my report for 1948, mention was made of alleged nuisances at a light industrial area. At that time, it was pointed out to the Council that the Public Baths chimney would be committing a nuisance if byelaws were adopted. It was agreed that underfeed stoking should be provided. As an instance of fuel saving the provision of this method was abundantly proved, as 38% less coal was needed. In addition, less clinker needed removal This disproves the local saying "Where there is muck there is money".

Arrangements were made with one Laundry to install this method with new boilers, but at the end of the year the boilers had not been received.

One factory producing a fine dust for use with tar-macadam was found to be causing a deposit nuisance at adjacent houses. The firm were prevailed upon to remove the process to the "Iron Masters' District" where houses are not situated.

In considering smoke and deposit nuisances, it appears from observations that chimneys of dwelling houses and emissions from railway engines are the worst offenders.

As a result of the deliberations of the Executive Committee of the North East Divisional Council of the National Smoke Abatement Society, which comprises Authorities of Northumberland, Durham, and North Riding of Yorkshire, the Council agreed in principle to the following:—

- (1) Installation of approved fireplaces (to consume smokeless fuel) in all planned Council premises if so designed for open fireplaces.
- (2) To replace (or to dispense with wherever possible) at an appropriate time, all fireplaces other than those of an approved type in other Council premises; and
- (3) On submission of plans by private enterprise of new premises or schemes of reconditioning of premises, to ensure that the fireplaces are of an approved type.

It was also agreed to await the formulation by the Executive Committee of a Bye-law with respect to the emission of black smoke from chimneys other than those of private dwelling houses; such Bye-law to be uniform over the area of the North East Divisional Council.

Social Clubs.

Number on Register 46 Number of Inspections 72

The whole of the Clubs have been visited and special attention has been paid to the sanitary accommodation and general cleanliness. In all cases the co-operation of the persons responsible has been received when defects have been noted.

Public Mortuary.

The Public Mortuary is situated at the Borough Engineer's yard in Commercial Street.

When the time is opportune, a modern building centrally situated with adequate provision for post-mortems and with appropriate ancillary facilities should be provided.

During the year 4 bodies were removed to the mortuary.

SECTION E.

HOUSING.

Numbe	er of new houses erected in	n the I	Boroug	h durir	ng the	year :—
	1. Erected by the Local	Author	ity		692	2
	2. Erected by Other Per				34	4
	3. Houses Demolished	• •	• •	• •]	l
Th follows	e Ward distribution of t	the ne	w hou	ses ref	erred 1	to is as
	Park Ward	• •			63	
	Thorntree Ward	• •			582	
	Whinney Banks Ward		• •		18	
	Acklam Ward				41	
	Grove Hill Ward				2	
	Tollesby Ward	• •	• •	• •	20	
		Tota	1	• •	726	
Housing	g Statistics:—					
1. Ins	pection of dwelling house	es duri	ing the	year	:	
1.(a)	Total number of dwellin housing defects (under Housing Acts)	r Pub	olic Ĥ	ealth	or	7,832
(b)						
2.(a)	Number of dwelling ho sub-head (1) above) which recorded under the H	ch wer Iousing	e inspe g Con	cted an solidat	nd ed	
47.5	Regulations, 1925 and 19					<i>'</i>
(b)	Number of inspections n	nade fo	or the	purpos	θ	1,333
3.	Number of dwelling hou state so dangerous or inj be unfit for human habit	urious	to hea	lth as	to	103
4.	Number of dwelling house referred to under the found not to be in all re- for human habitation	preced	ding s	ub-hea	d)	7, 729 ⁾
						,

2.			of defects during the year without service al notices:—	
		fit	mber of defective dwelling houses rendered in consequence of informal action by the cal Authority or their officers	5,175
3.	Act	ion 1	under Statutory Powers during the year:	
	(a)		ceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of Housing Act, 1936:—	
		(1)	Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	39
		(2)	rendered fit after service of formal notices:—	0
			(a) By owners (b) By Local Authority in default of owners	8
	(b)	Pro	ceedings under Public Health Acts:—	
		(1)		2,618
		(2)	Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:—	
			(a) By owners (b) By Local Authority in default of owners	1 ,49 4
	(c)		oceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the using Act, 1936:—	
		(1)	Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	5
		(2)	Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	4
	(d)		oceedings under Section 12 of the Housing 5, 1936:—	
		(1)	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made (Underground room)	_
		(2)	Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	_

4.	Housin	ng Act, 1936—Part IV—Overcrowding:—	
	(a) (i)	Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	Vanishments
	(ii)	Number of families dwelling therein	B-10-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
	(iii)	Number of persons dwelling therein	
	_	umber of new cases of overcrowding reported uring the year	
	(c) (i)	Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	
	(ii)	Number of persons concerned in such cases	49000-0
	ho	articulars of any cases in which dwelling- ouses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the outement of overcrowding	
	or Of	ny other particulars with respect to over- owding conditions upon which the Medical fficer of Health may consider it desirable report	(Sink second)

Without carrying out a complete survey, it is impossible to complete statistics of overcrowding. The Housing Department have a complete list of applicants who are overcrowded, and to carry out a census would be wasted effort, owing to the fact that as new houses are being built, overcrowded persons are being re-housed under a points system and any census taken would be altered from day to day.

During the year a survey of shops with housing accommodation was carried out involving 1,241 premises. These premises were tabulated under 4 headings:—

- (1) Self contained flats.
- (2) Premises of which the shop and rooms were occupied by Manager or tenants.
- (3) Rooms used in conjunction with shop, and found to be satisfactory accommodation.
- (4) Rooms found to be unsatisfactory.

The number of (4) was found to be 64. As the occupiers become entitled to a Corporation House under the "Points Scheme" they are to be re-housed and the owner is requested to give an undertaking not to re-let the premises, or to render them in all respects fit for habitation.

Overcrowding.

During the year, 20 visits were made to houses known to be overcrowded.

Rent and Mortgage Interest Restrictions (Amendment) Act, 1933.

During the year 6 certificates of disrepair were issued by the Town Clerk's Department.

Houses Let-in-Lodgings.

Number of Houses	• •	53
Number of Inspections		70
Number registered during year	÷ •	7
Number discontinued during year		4
Number of Notices and Letters		
re repairs, cleanliness, etc		18

Circular letters respecting the necessary cleansing are forwarded annually to the responsible occupiers of all houses.

Common Lodging Houses.

Number of Houses		• •	• •	4
Number of Keepers		• •	• •	4
Number of Inspections	• •	• •	• •	47
Number of Lodgers accor	nmoda	ted nig	ghtly	219
Number registered during	g the y	vear	• •	
Number closed or discont	inued	• •		
Number of Notices and I	Letters			
re repairs, cleanlines	s, etc.		• •	5

Squatters Camps.

During August, 1946, two Anti-Aircraft Sites were occupied by squatters, comprising 78 families.

When families become entitled to a Corporation House under the "Points Scheme", they are re-housed. At the end of the year the number of families in occupation was 36.

As all hutments were not originally provided with separate sanitary accommodation, an Elsan Closet was provided to each letting.

SECTION F.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Bacteriological Examination of Milk.

343 samples were procured during the year and submitted for examination. 266 or 77.55% were found to be clean and 77 or 22.45% dirty.

Summary.

Grade.	Number Taken.		Number Clean.	0/0	Number Dirty.	0/0
———						—
TT	\ 0.0	OPT 00	0.0	00.00	10	10.40
(Certified	/	27.99	86	88.66	10	10.42
Tuberculi		20.65	00.5	00 74	27	10.05
Tested	136	39.65	109	80.74	_ •	19.85
Accredite	ed 103	30.03	64	62.14	39	37.87
Ungraded	l 8	2.33	7	87.50	1	12.50
Total .	. 343	100.00%	266	77.55%	77	22.45%

Samples were found to be Clean as follows:—

On 1st Test				236	
On 2nd Test				17	
On 3rd Test				6	
On 4th Test		• •		5	
On subsequent	Tests	• •		2	
	Total		• •	266	
	No. of Produce		of ples.	No. Clean.	No. Dirty.
T : 1 /1 TO .1			_		<u> </u>
Inside the Borough Outside the Borough	0.0	90 253		$\begin{array}{c} 65 \\ 201 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 52 \end{array}$
Total	48	343		266	77

Of the number of Graded Milks dirty, 52 samples were from outside the Borough, having been procured from 39 producers. Notification of the results was given to the County Health Inspector.

Rinse Samples.

39 Rinse Samples with Ringer Solution were taken in connection with 2 farms within the Borough where a number of unsatisfactory Milk Samples had been procured.

These samples proved very useful, and enabled a definite point in production of milk to be located, where conditions were not satisfactory.

Pasteurised Milks: Bacteriological Tests.

		Number Submitted.	Number Satis- factory.	Number Unsatisfactory.
Pasteurised		97		
	• •	91	92	5
T.T. Pasteurised	• •	16	16	
Total		113	108	5

- 3 unsatisfactory on account of insufficient pasteurisation.
- 2 unsatisfactory on account of—failed Methylene Blue test within specified period.

The 3 samples which were insufficiently pasteurised were also tested Biologically, and proved to be free from Tubercle Bacilli.

Biological Examination of Milk.

			Number of Samples Submitted.	Number free from Tubercle Bacilli.	Number Containing Tubercle Bacilli.
m m (O):c.	7.1				
T.T. (Certified	d)		54	54	-
Tuberculin Te	ested		73	73	-
Accredited			62	61	1
Pasteurised	• •		3	3	
Ungraded			8	8	
			Oranie de la companya del companya del companya de la companya de		
Total		• •	200	199	1
					Secretary assumed

The Divisional Veterinary Inspector of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries was immediately informed regarding the sample returned "Positive", and he later reported that of 6 cows inspected at the farm in question, one was found to be affected with Tuberculosis and slaughtered.

The following table shews the number of samples submitted for Biological Examination which were returned as "Positive" for Tubercle Bacilli during the past five years:—

1945	1	
1946	2	
1947	2	
1948		
1949	1	
Milk (Special Designations) Order, 1936-1938.	1918	1949
Number of Producer's Licences granted for Accredited Milk	4	4
Number of Dealer's Licences granted for Accredited Milk		
Number of Supplementary Licences granted for Accredited Milk		abbet to control to the control to t
Number of Pasteuriser's Licences granted	3	4
Number of Dealer's Licences granted for Pasteurised Milk	8	10
Number of Dealer's Bottling Licences granted for Tuberculin Tested (Pasteurised) Milk.	1	1
Number of Bottler's Licences granted for Pasteurised Milk	2	4
Number of Producer's Licences granted for Tuberculin Tested (Certified) Milk		ann de de la constante de la c
Number of Dealer's Licences granted for Tuberculin Tested (Certified) Milk		
Number of Producer's Licences granted for Tuberculin Tested Milk	2	3
Number of Dealer's Licences granted for Tuberculin Tested Milk	9	14
Number of Bottler's Licences granted for Tuberculin Tested Milk	1	1
	30	41

Purveyors of Milk.

(a) SHOPS FROM WHICH LOOSE MILK IS SOLD :-

		1948	1949
(1)	Where Dairy Produce only is sold	5	5
	Confectionery and milk	2	2
(3)	General shops	2	2
(4)	Dwelling houses without rounds		
(5)	Dwelling houses with rounds	-	
(6)	Sale of milk on rounds only		•
		9	9

As and from 1st January, 1950, by agreement with the Dairies, the whole of the milk sold within the Borough, with the exception of 1 shop, is to be bottled. After 1st October, 1950, the sale of loose milk from this shop will cease.

In addition, 50 shops are retailing Sterilized Milk.

(b) BOTTLED MILK:

				1948	1949
				-	-
(1)	Accredited Milk				***
(2)	Pasteurised Milk			43	49
(3)	Tuberculin Tested Milk			9	10
(4)	Loose Milk	• •	• •	9	9
				61	68

The following table shews the average fatty content of the samples procured during the last five years:—

Year.	Number of samples taken.	Average Fat content.
1945	17	2 79 0/
1946	41	$rac{3.72\%}{3.59\%}$
1947	89	3.37%
1948	89	3.42 %
194 9	68	3.55%
		/ 0

With the exception of three small dairies, the whole of the milk for the Borough is supplied by three large dairies, with the result that the milk is "Mixed," thus shewing a high average fat content.

The yearly quantities of milk dealt with in the Borough are as follows:—

				Gallons
Tuberculin T	ested			553,340
do.	do. (Pa	steuris	ed)	339,450
Accredited	• •		• •	16,790
Pasteurised	• •			6,859,080
				7,768,660

260,000 gallons of Pasteurised Milk, included in the above, are supplied to schools.

92.65% of all milk consumed, is pasteurised.

Ice Cream Producers and Dealers.

Section 14, Food and Drugs Act, 1938, makes it obligatory upon all persons dealing with Ice Cream to be registered; the number on register being:—

Producers	• •	• •	32
Dealers			213

During the year Certificates were issued to all premises.

The results of the analysis of all samples procured, were forwarded to manufacturers, and the meaning of the terms used was explained. Prior to "Follow-up" samples being procured, interviews with manufacturers and visits to premises were made, including an enquiry into methods and inspection of equipment. As a result, a considerable improvement was obtained, as a glance at the following tables will prove.

Ice Cream Dealers.

Ice Cream Samples—Taken 9.2.49 to 27.9.49.

Table 1—Results of "Cold-Mix" Samples.

Time taken to Reduce Methylene Blue (Hours)		No.	Grading				
			1.	2.	3.	4.	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	• •		1 1	1	• •	1	• •
Re	sult of "	Follor	w-up '' \$	Samples	s of tha	t	
	Rep	orted	as Grad	de 3 :—			
$\begin{array}{cccc} 4\frac{1}{2} \\ 4 & - & 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 2 & - & 0 \end{array}$	• •		1 		• •	• •	

Table 2—Results of "Hot-Mix" Samples.

$4\frac{1}{2}$	• •		37	37			
$4 - 2\frac{1}{2}$	• •	• •	11		11		
2 - 0			12			6	6

Results of "Follow-up" Samples of those Reported as Grades 3 and 4.

$4\frac{1}{2}$			1	1			
$4 - 2\frac{1}{2}$		• •	$\begin{array}{ c c } & 1 \\ 4 \\ 10 \end{array}$		4		
2 - 0		• •	10	• •	• •	• •	10
	Total	• •	78	40	15	7	16

Ice Cream Chemical Analysis.

80 Samples of Ice Cream were procured and submitted for chemical analysis, and the results varied from 0.64% to 12.84% Fat Content.

68 samples were above the $2.5\,\%$ standard required by the Ministry of Food, and 12 samples were below that standard.

Follow-up samples were procured of all those falling below the 2.5% standard, after warning letters had been sent to the Producers, and these samples were all returned by the Public Analyst as above 2.5%.

The average Fat Content of the 80 samples procured, was 4.803%.

The Ministry of Food were informed of all results.

Cowsheds.

Number of Cowsheds	• •	 10
Number of Registered Cowkeepers		 10
Number of Cows kept	• •	 290
Number of inspections made		 15
Number of Notices to Limewash		

The Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949.

From 1st October, 1949, the inspection and control of Dairy Farms was transferred to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries. 12 Distributors are registered under the above Regulations.

The Milk (Special Designations) (Pasteurised and Sterilized Milk) Regulations, 1949.

Licences as from 1st January, 1950, have been granted as follows under the above regulations:—

(1)	Dealers (Pasteurisers)	• •	4
(2)	Dealers (Sterilizers)	• •	1
(3)	Pasteurised (Dealers)		93
(4)	Sterilized (Dealers)		57

These licences are in force for 12 months. One application to store and retail Pasteurised Milk was refused on the grounds that it contravened Part VIII, Paragraph 21, Milk and Dairies Regulations 1949, in that the milk was to be sold from a living room (see Food Shops).

The Milk (Special Designation) (Raw Milk) Regulation, 1949.

Licences under the above Regulation have been granted as from the 1st January, 1950, as follows:—

(1) Accredited	(Dealers)		1
----------------	-----------	--	---

⁽²⁾ Tuberculin Tested (Dealers) 19

Meat and Other Foods.

SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS ACT, 1933.

There are now 64 persons on the Register of Licensed Slaughtermen.

Slaughterhouses.

	Registere	d. Licensed.
December, 1920	39	3
January, 1949	23	2
December, 1949	23	2
Public Slaughterhouses	1	warehouse.
Number of Inspections (At two Slaughterhouses—see Public Health (Meat) Regulations	ie	1,247
Number of Notices to Limewash	1	
Number of Notices to provide receptacles		
Number of notifications of char		
occupier		GET Brownians
Letters re Cleanliness, Repairs, et	cc	Name Andrews

Manufacture of Foodstuffs.

All premises used or proposed to be used for the preparation of Potted, Pressed, Pickled or Preserved Meat (including Sausages) are registered under Section 14, Food and Drugs Act, 1938.

The total number of such premises on the register is 114.

Public Health (Meat) Regulations, 1924.

The Ministry of Food took over the slaughtering and allocation of all animals slaughtered, on the 15th January, 1940.

The Public Abattoir and the Co-operative Society's Abattoir in Saltwells Road are used; a qualified Inspector is employed upon inspection at each of these premises.

The following have been slaughtered and inspected before removal from the slaughterhouses:—

	Spec	ies		Public Abattoir	Saltwells Road Abattoir
Bulls				123	137
Bullocks				2,492	1,445
Cows				1,294	1,181
Heifers		• •		2,520	1 272
Calves				3,647	2,743
Sheep				22,030	14,273
Pigs			, .	946	908
Goats	• •	• •		2	
				33,054	21,959

Total Slaughtered:— 55,013.

CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED.

				-			
	ех	Cattle cluding Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Pigs.	Goats.
Number killed		7,989	2,475	6,390	36,303	1,854	2
Number inspected		7,989	2,475	6,390	36,303	1,854	2
All Diseases Except Tuberculosis.	,						
Whole carcases condemned		7	39	18	82	14	
Carcases of which so part or organ wa condemned	as	6,775	1,489	42	6,547	273	
Percentage of the management inspected affected disease other than Tuberculosis	l wit		61.74	0.94	18.26	15.48	
Tuberculosis Only.		¢					
Whole carcases condemned		23	152	22		11	
Carcases of which so part or organ was condemned		557	1,389	8		43	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with	l						
Tuberculosis		7.26	62.26	0.4	7 —	2.91	

Of the 55,013 animals slaughtered, 37,522 or 68.205% were found to be sound and unaffected by disease of any nature; 2,205 or 4.009% were found to be affected with Tuberculosis and 15,286 or 27.786% were found to be affected with other diseases or conditions.

Particulars of Surrenders and Seizures of Unsound Animals and Meat.

Number of Voluntary Surrenders of diseased carcases or part carcases or internal organs. Number of Seizures (with subsequent destruction) of diseased carcases or part carcases or internal organs.

		Other		Other	
Year.	Tuber-	Conditions.	Tuber-	Conditions	s. Totals.
	culosis.		culosis.		
1945	1,179	6,495	• •	• •	7,674
1946	1,409	6,236	• •	• •	7,645
1947	2,009	6,740			8,749
1948	1,900	10,753		• •	12,653
1949	2,205	15,286	• •	• •	17,491
Year		Whole Carcases affected.	Par Carc affec	ases	Organs only affected.
1945	• •	275	3	3	7,366
1946	• •	274	12	24	7,247
1947	• •	234	23	37	8,278
1948	• •	205	31	3	12,135
1949	• •	368	38	57	16,736

Below is a list of Foodstuffs found to be unsound and unfit for human consumption. All were surrendered and destroyed:—

		ected with berculosis		oth	ffected w er Disease l Condition	es	Total.						
	No.	Stones.	Lbs.	No.	Stones.		No.	Stones.	Lbs				
Beasts	$\overline{175}$	5, 4 83	2	$\frac{-}{46}$	$\frac{-}{1,247}$		$\frac{-}{221}$	6,730	2				
Pigs	11	150	10	14	105	2	25	255	12				
Sheep & Lambs				82	253	13	82	253	13				
Calves	22	66	4	18	63	10	40	130					
Beef		1,249	2		559	8		1,808	10				
Pork		11	3		47	3		58	6				
Mutton	. —				19	8		19	8				
Veal					directions	13		_	13				
Offal		2,384	2	-	7,532	8	_	9,916	10				
Fish		-	-		671			671					
Rabbits	-				4	2		4	2				
Canned Food				-	556	13	_	556	13				
Vegetables					3,816	9		3,816	9				
Miscellaneous					711	3		711	3				
Totals		9,344	9		15,589	8		24,934	3				

In addition, 4 lbs. of Cod Fillet and $17\frac{1}{4}$ lbs. of Headless Codling were seized: See Magisterial Proceedings No. 4.

The total weight of butchers' meat and other foodstuffs surrendered during the year amounted to 24,934 stones 3 lbs. as compared with 16,786 stones 4 lbs. in 1948 and 17,530 stones $10\frac{3}{4}$ lbs. in 1947.

Of the 19,174 stones 4 lbs. of butchers' meat condemned, 9,344 stones 9 lbs. were affected with tuberculosis.

During the past five years, the incidence of tuberculosis in animals slaughtered for human consumption was as follows:—

Year.	Number of Animals Slaughtered.	Number.	Percentage.

1945	60,504	1,179	1.948
1946	67,493	1,409	2.087
1947	51,539	2,009	3.898
1948	50,850	1,900	3.736
194 9	55,013	2,205	4.009

Adulteration.

Public Health (Preservatives, etc., in Food) Regulations, 1925-9.

During the year, 161 samples were analysed for the presence of preservatives, all being declared genuine.

Chemical Analysis of Food and Drugs.

335 informal and 95 formal samples were taken as below, during the year, all of which were submitted to the Public Analyst for analysis.

y Sib.			
		Informal.	Formal.
Bacon		91	
Baking Powder	• •	$\frac{21}{5}$	•
Bicarbonate of Sod	٠٠	$\frac{5}{5}$	
Boracic Acid	ia	$\frac{5}{3}$	
Borax	• •		
Button	• •	3	-
Camphorated Oil	• •	23	
Caster Oil	• •	$\frac{2}{2}$	
Cheese	• •		
Cocoa	• •	24	-
Coffee	• •	1	
	• •	4	-
Epsom Salts	• •	3	_
Fish Cakes	• •	-	13
Fish Paste	• •	1	
Glauber Salts		3	1
Gregory Powder	• •	3	-
Ground Ginger	• •	1	
Ice Cream	• •	79	
Iodine	• •	3	
Jam		23	
Lard	• •	6	•
Lard (Compound)		18	
Magnesia		3	
Margarine	• •	24	=
Marmalade		1	
Milk	• •		68
Milk Food		4	4
Milk (National Drie	d)	1	
Mustard		2	
Parrish's Chemical	Food	3	etermina.
Pastry Mixture		1	
Pork Brawn		1	-
Sauce		11	****
Sausages (Beef)		The sales	10
Sausage Meat (Beef))		3
Sugar	,	24	
Tea		$\frac{24}{24}$	
Zinc Ointment	• •	3	
	• •		
		335	95
			And the state of t
Total	• •	430	

424 samples were returned Genuine, and 6 samples Not Genuine. Of the 6 Not Genuine samples, Magisterial Proceedings were instituted in relation to 2 (see list, Nos. 3 and 10). Warning letters were sent with regard to the remainder.

Proceedings in relation to 2 cases of selling Beef Sausage deficient in meat content, which, as reported in my last Annual report were held over until 1949, resulted in Magisterial Proceedings I and 2 (see list).

With regard to Ice-Cream samples not satisfactory, see item re Ice-Cream (Page 00).

Margarine.

Number	of	Manufacturers			
Number	of	Wholesale Dealers	• •	6 p	22
Number	of	Premises Registered		. ,	22

Butter.

There are three factories registered for making butter.

Public Houses and Hotels.

The whole of the public houses and hotels have been visited. The Brewery Companies have co-operated and carried out the requirements of the Department with reference to sanitary accommodation, and the provision of an adequate supply of hot and cold water with trapped sinks.

Snack Bars.

Number	on Register		7
Number	of Inspections	 	. 41

All Snack Bars and Cafes have been inspected, and the occupiers when requested to carry out improvements, have co-operated.

Cafes.

Number on Register	 	26
Number of Inspections	 + 0	49.

Hotel (Kitchens).

Number	on Register	 	10
Number	of Inspections		10

Food Shops.

These are regularly inspected, and the Department have insisted on the provision of adequate hot and cold water being at all times available. 116 Ascot Heaters were fixed over adequate sinkstones. By the provision of these amenities it is hoped that the shop assistants will make full use of them in order to keep their hands in a cleanly condition at all times.

Notwithstanding the provision of proper amenities for persons to keep their hands clean, there still remains the training in the habit to do so, and this constitutes a problem for proprietors with the constant changing of staff, particularly females.

In compliance with the request of the Ministry of Food, the Town Council agreed to adopt the Model Byelaws with regard to the storage, preparation, and handling of food.

In addition, the Department was requested to draw up a "Basic Code of Practice" for all Food Traders, and to hold meetings with the various trades to discuss the code. Food traders generally are anxious to improve their premises, the standard of which has considerably improved during the past three years. This is due in some measure to the efforts of the Department in visiting the various traders. One Inspector devoted practically the whole of his time to this duty.

It should be realised that the Food and Drugs Act, 1938—Section 13, does not give power to close unsatisfactory food premises. The Town Council have brought this matter to the notice of the Association of Municipal Corporations with the request that some legal provision should be made for refusal to register, with appropriate safeguards for both the Council and the Proprietor. This matter was brought to light owing to proceedings being instituted four times in five years against the proprietor of a general shop. Representation was made to the Ministry of Food, who agreed to the withdrawal of all licences. This did not, however, preclude the proprietor from selling food which was not governed by licence.

In addition to this shop, there are several "House Shops" where food is sold and stored in the kitchen or sitting room. The Ministry of Food realise that these conditions are unsatisfactory, hence Part VIII, Paragraph 21, of the Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949, which precludes the storage of milk in living rooms.

It is hoped that additions to statutes will be made so as to cover registration of all premises used for the preparation, sale or storage of food-stuffs other than that contained in Section 14, Food and Drugs Act, 1938.

Magisterial Proceedings.

Number of Case.

Complaint.

Result.

Contravening Food and Drugs Act, 1938: Section 3.
 Selling Sausage 21½% deficient in Meat Content.

Fined £10 0s. 0d., plus £1 1s. 0d. costs.

Contravening Food and Drugs Act, 1938: Section 3.
"Selling Sausage 27½% deficient in Meat Content.

Fined £10 0s. 0d., plus £1 1s. 0d. costs.

3. Contravening Food and Drugs Act, 1938: Section 24.

"Selling Milk containing not less than 39.1% extraneous water".

Fined £10 0s. 0d. plus £4 4s. 0d. costs.

4. Contravening Food and Drugs Act, 1938:

Section 9: "Depositing in premises food, to wit, Fish, unfit for human consumption". Section 13: "Dirty condition of shop premises".

Section 13: "Dirty condition of room behind shop premises".

Fined £5 0s. 0d. or Three Months imprisonment. Fined £7 10s. 0d.

Fined £7 10s. 0d.

Contravening Food and Drugs
Act, 1938:
Section 13: "Dirty condition of shop premises".

Section 13: "Dirty condition of room behind shop premises".

Fined £5 0s. 0d. of room behind shop premises".

6. Contravening Public Health Act, 1936: Section 154.

"Distributing Toys in exchange for Rags".

7. Contravening Public Health Act, 1936: Section 154.

"Distributing Toys in exchange for Rags".

8. Contravening Food and Drugs Act, 1938: Section 13.

1. "Dirty condition of shop premises".

2. "Dirty condition of room adjoining—used as store.

Fined 20/-.

Fined 20/-.

9. Contravening Food and Drugs Act, 1938: Section 13.

1. "Dirty condition of shop premises".

2. "Dirty condition of room adjoining—used as store.

Fined 10/-.

Fined 10/-.

10. Contravening Food and Drugs Act, 1938: Section 24.

"Selling Milk containing not less than 22.7% Extraneous Water".

Fined £5 0s. 0d.

STATISTICAL TABLES.



ABSTRACT OF HEALTH REPORTS FROM 1898 TO 1949.

-		Death Rate	Birth Rate	Iniant Death Rate	Smallpox	Enteric and Contd. Fever	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	Diarrhoea & Enteritis	Whooping Cough	Chicken	Cancer	Bronc'itis	Pneumonia	All Forms Fuberculosis	Influenza	Heart Disease		ndicitis	Nephritis	Puerperal Fever	Other P	uerperal	Prematu Birth, &		eaths	Syphilis
Yes	Popula- tion	per pure Hung	No. per England of 1000 and Births pop. Wales	of 1000 1	Notified Deaths Rate per	Notified Per Rate per 1000 loop.	Deaths per	ath ber	Political Rate per 1000 pop.	g per	Rate per 1000 pop.	Notified Deaths Rate per	Deaths Rate per	Deaths Rate per 1000 pop.	Notflied Deaths Rate per 1000 pop.	Notified Deaths Rate per 1000 pop.	Rate per 1000	Deaths	Pate per 0000 oop.	Rate per 1000 pop.	Rate per 1000 pop.	Rate per 1000 pop.	Deaths	Rate per 1000 pop.	Deaths	per per Ooop.	Rate per 1000 pop.	Rate per 1000 pop.
1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1909 1900 1911 1/12 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1918 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1922 1923 1923 1923 1923 1923	93,515 97,007 91,371 93,354 95,013 96,684 98,369 100,069 101,753 103,511 105,255 107,014 105,124 106,554 107,993 126,452 116,901 115,548D 125,718B 119,251D 132,931B 115,952D 129,668B 127,142D 132,444B 132,208 133,400 136,300 134,800 136,300 136,200 133,600 133,600 133,600 133,100 133,100 133,550 139,550 139,550 140,000 139,500 129,300 129,400 129,400 129,400 129,400 129,400 129,400 129,400 129,400 129,400 129,400 129,400 129,400 129,400	2,058 22.17 18.: 2,407 25.07 18. 1,995 21.90 16. 1,912 20.48 16. 2,072 21.77 15.: 1,934 20.00 16. 2,083 21.18 15. 2,072 20.72 15. 2,072 20.72 15. 2,066 19.95 14. 2,043 19.41 14. 1,822 17.02 13. 2,101 19.98 14. 1,897 17.80 13. 2,443 19.32 14. 2,585 22.11 15. 2,089 18.07 14. 2,308 19.35 14. 2,308 19.35 14. 2,308 19.35 14. 2,308 19.35 14. 2,308 19.35 14. 2,308 19.35 14. 2,308 19.35 17. 2,308 18.39 19. 2,026 15.32 12. 1,930 14.41 1. 1,960 14.50 12. 1,765 13.03 13. 2,283 16.75 13.16 13. 1,766 14.20 13. 1,776 14.20 13. 1,776 14.26 13. 1,776 14.27 13. 1,760 14.13 13. 1,757 14.26 13. 1,757 14.26 13. 1,757 14.26 13. 1,757 14.26 13. 1,758 13.35 13. 1,851 13.22 13. 1,721 12.23 13. 1,927 13.80 13. 1,721 12.23 13. 1,768 14.26 13. 1,793 12.77 13. 1,703 12.77 13. 1,703 12.77 13. 1,703 12.77 13. 1,704 14.40 1	2 3,130 33.47 29.1 2 3,343 34.46 28.7 3 3,28 36.44 28.5 3 3,370 36.09 28.5 3 3,489 26.72 28.4 3 3,489 34.91 27.2 3 3,445 34.91 27.2 5 3,594 35.91 27.1 1 3,483 34.22 26.2 8 3,733 36.06 26.5 5 3,440 32.14 25.1 6 3,363 31.90 25.6 6 3,363 31.92 24.4 4 3,402 31.88 24.3 8 3,361 31.12 24. 4 3,402 32.51 22. 2,956 23.02 18. .3 3,535 28.12 21. .2 2,956 23.02 18. .3 3,774	575 183 16: 663 195 15: 657 197 15: 616 182 13- 650 18: 13 650 18: 13 650 18: 13 650 18: 13 650 18: 14 62 13- 612 170 14 2 598 17: 12 61 170 13 3 543 155 11 5 691 158 12 6 537 161 10 4 496 144 10 3 0 431 126 9 1 431 128 10 8 628 153 10 8 628 153 10 1 465 151 2 1 475 2 1 486 152 2 1 487 2 1 486 152 7 1 58 188 73 1 59 79 79 1 55 166 65 7 1 56 189 65 7 1 192 564 7 1 193 65 7 1 193 56 7 1	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	22 235 33 0,36 138 23 0,24 98 18 0,17 159 33 0,34 126 22 0,24 01 83 22 0,25 67 18 0,18 78 23 0,19 91 16 0,14 73 14 0,14 85 18 0,20 71 17 0,17 52 10 0,03 34 8 0,03 21 7 0,08 10 3 0,03 21 7 0,08 10 3 0,03 21 7 0,08 10 3 0,03 21 7 0,08 10 3 0,03 21 7 0,08 10 3 0,03 21 7 0,08 10 3 0,03 21 7 0,08 10 3 0,03 21 7 0,08 10 3 0,03 21 7 0,08 10 3 0,03 21 7 0,08 10 3 0,03 21 7 0,08 21 7 0,08 21 7 0,08 20 0,00 20 0,00 20 0,00 21 0 0,00 21 0 0,00 22 0 0,00 23 1 0,00 24 1 0,00 25 0 0,00 26 2 0,00 27 1 0,00 28 1 0,00 29 0,00 20 0,00 21 0 0,00 21 0 0,00 22 0 0,00 23 0 0,00 24 1 0,00 25 0 0,00 26 2 0,00 27 1 0,00 28 1 0,00 29 0,00 20 0,00 20 0,00 21 0,00 21 0,00 21 0,00 22 0 0,00 23 0 0,00 24 1 0,00 25 0 0,00 26 2 0,00 27 1 0,00 28 1 0,00 29 0,00 20	1. 63 0.71	237 8 0.09 345 13 0.14 284 13 0.13 376 27 0.29 500 41 0.44 252 3 0.03 612 10 0.10 344 7 0.07 514 12 0.12 108 8 0.07 5514 12 0.12 108 8 0.07 541 21 0.12 108 8 0.07 541 21 0.12 108 8 0.03 158 3 0.03 158 3 0.03 158 4 0.02 158 4 0.02 158 4 0.02 158 4 0.02 158 4 0.03 158 4 0.03 158 4 0.03 158 4 0.03 158 4 0.03 158 4 0.03 158 4 0.03 158 4 0.03 158 4 0.03 158 4 0.03 158 4 0.03 158 1157 18 0.1 159 133 386 0 0.03 158 145 16 0.03 158 145 16 0.03 158 145 16 0.03 158 145 16 0.03 158 145 16 0.03 158 145 16 0.03 158 145 16 0.03 158 145 16 0.03 158 145 16 0.03 158 145 16 0.03 158 145 16 0.03 158 145 16 0.03 158 168 2 0.03 158 168	54 14 0.16 30 9 0.10 25 3 0.03 68 19 0.28 164 58 0.62 117 32 0.34 79 11 0.11 107 34 0.34 97 31 0.31 126 32 0.31 179 30 0.29 97 22 0.22 143 35 0.33 167 26 0.25 104 21 0.20 148 22 0.20 148 22 0.20 148 22 0.20 148 22 0.20 148 22 0.20 148 22 0.20 148 22 0.25 5 104 21 0.20 317 55 0.44 164 25 0.22 8 210 35 0.28 8 210 35 0.28 8 210 35 0.28 8 210 35 0.28 8 210 35 0.28 104 20 0.00 1 94 9 0.0 3 80 13 0.00 0 75 5 0.0 1 94 9 0.0 3 80 10 0.0 1 94 9 0.0 3 80 10 0.0 1 94 9 0.0 3 80 13 0.0 1 97 4 0.0 2 68 3 0.0 1 97 4 0.0 2 68 3 0.0 1 197 4 0.0 2 68 3 0.0 1 197 4 0.0 2 68 3 0.0 1 197 4 0.0 2 2 66 0.0 3 92 7 0.0 3 80 10 0.0 1 194 9 0.0 3 80 13 0.0 0 75 5 0.0 1 197 4 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 286 12 0.0 1 287 37 0.3 0 557 38 0.3 0 557 38 0.3 0 557 38 0.3 0 557 38 0.3 0 552 0.2 10 213 10 0.0 0 52 0.0 41	57 0.64 62 0.66 109 1.17 160 1.68 195 2.02 147 1.49 227 2.26 93 0.91 226 2.18 109 1.04 153 1.43 160 1.52 50 0.47 119 1.10 193 1.54 10 1.93 1.44 1.23 114 0.99 112 0.98 8 108 0.85 112 0.98 8 108 0.85 7 121 0.90 9 39 0.29 3 0.31 2 0.40 1 1.30 1 1.30 1 1.41 1 1.30 1 1.42 1 1.04 1 1.23 1 1.44 1 1.23 1 1.40 1 1.23 1 1.20 1 1.20	9 0.10 41 0.44 39 0.40 32 0.35 31 0.33 15 0.16 25 0.26 43 0.44 40 0.39 49 0.48 7 0.07 69 0.66 32 0.29 79 0.75 7 0.07 23 0.21 60 0.47 49 0.42 27 0.23 39 0.33 57 0.49 9 0.07 24 0.18 13 0.00 35 0.21 0 0.00 76 0.56 19 0.16 54 0.40 4 0.00 35 0.21 1 0.00 24 0.11 38 0.22 21 0.11 38 0.22 21 0.11 38 0.22 21 0.11 38 0.22 21 0.11 38 0.22 21 0.11 38 0.22 21 0.11 38 0.22 21 0.11 38 0.22 21 0.11 38 0.22 21 0.11 38 0.22 21 0.11 39 0.00 31 0.00 31 0.00 31 0.00 9 0.00 31 0.00 9 0.00 31 0.00 9 0.00 31 0.00 9 0.00 31 0.00 9 0.00	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	51 0.54 71 0.69 71 0.69 50 0.85 1 42 0.41 1 53 0.5. 71 0.71 2 74 0.69 71 0.69 81 0.83 66 0.65 88 0.83 80 0.71 77 0.67 98 0.83 88 0.72 100 0.85 100 0.85 100 0.86 103 0.86 97 0.83 111 0.8 126 1.0 113 0.9 167 1.2 147 1.1 141 1.0 175 1.3 168 1.2 174 1.1 141 1.0 175 1.3 168 1.2 174 1.1 141 1.0 175 1.3 188 1.2 178 1.2 184 1.3 197 1.4 199 1.4 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 201 1.4 214 1.6 220 1.4 221 1.6 232 1.6 242	117 1.18 87 0.93 109 1.15 107 1.11 117 1.19 110 1.09 119 1.17 108 1.04 134 1.22 1.24 138 1.32 141 1.38 1.38 141 1.31 138 1.34 173 1.44 173 1.44 173 1.44 173 1.45 151 1.31 162 1.36 162 1.36 163 1.2 164 1.36 173 1.49 173 1.49 173 1.49 173 1.49 173 1.49 173 1.49 173 1.49 173 1.49 174 1.00 175 1.30 175		. 215 2.26 . 247 2.55 . 247 2.55 . 225 2.46 . 209 2.31 . 218 2.22 . 229 2.23 . 196 1.83 . 203 1.93 . 153 1.43 . 184 1.77 . 16.469 175 1.66 . 604 228 1.0 . 434 217 1.8 . 443 167 1.3 . 444 162 1.2 . 438 170 1.3 . 441 162 1.2 . 438 170 1.3 . 441 162 1.2 . 438 170 1.3 . 441 162 1.2 . 438 170 1.3 . 441 162 1.2 . 441 191 1.6 . 500 1 218 1	28	0 136 3 147 0 134 0 134 0 134 131 5 143 15 143 15 143 6 109 17 134 8 132 0 133 0 152 7 146 1 125 19 109 104 100 17 122 12 114 13 120 142 143 142 15 151 143 164 17 122 18 186 18 18 186 18 18 186 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1	0.87 0.96 8 0.56 0.90 4 0.80 6 0.80 6 1.20 11 1.10 7 1.39 13 1.66 11 2.73 8 2.01 10 2.55 8 2.42 9 2.61 9 2.70 7 2.56 5 3.33 2.90 9 3.65 7 3.33 2.90 9 3.65 7 3.33 141 31 3.23 5 3.41 5 3.14 5 3.18 5 3.18 5	0.06 0.06 0.06 0.06 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.04 0.08 0.05 0.06 0.06 0.06 0.06 0.07 0.09 0.09 0.005 0.006 0	39 0.31 43 0.33 32 0.24 35 0.25 49 0.34 47 0.33	4 0.00	10 22 13 16 16 16 13 8 10 9 6 11 15 9 12 12 12 16 10 9 13 13 13 9 12 10 9 14 8 8 10 9 14 8	0.09 0.11 0.13 0.11 0.23 0.14 0.16 0.16 0.16 0.13 0.08 0.10 0.08 0.10 0.14 0.08 0.10 0.14 0.08 0.00 0.10 0.14 0.08 0.03 0.06 0.05 0.08 0.07 0.10 0.07 0.00 0.07 0.10 0.07 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	195 2 231 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1.89	0.66 0.55 0.65 0.65 0.64 0.59 0.48 0.56 0.46 0.46 0.61 0.65 0.57 0.51 0.53 0.53 0.54 0.54 0.54 0.54 0.56 0.57 0.56 0.57 0.56 0.57 0.56 0.57 0.57 0.58 0.59 0.	9 0.07 8 0.06 12 0.02 8 0.06 8 0.06 9 0.06

Total 299 4700 Whinney B's Tollesby 56 Thorntree 264 384 463 378 II.—Notifications of Infectious Diseases in 1949, arranged according to Age Groups and Wards. St. Hilda's Park WARD, V. Ormesby Newport 250 200 384 BACH Linthorpe Z HiH 970% msdant) 247 Ехсранде 195,315 Crescent Cleveland Olairville Cannon 331 Ayresome7cklam 211 120 96 46 45 NUMBER OF CASES NOTIFIED 15 57 55 M. īφ ಲ್ಲಿ 587 630 509 $\Xi_{i}^{'}$ 108 X 2349 131 Measles (excluding Rubella) Acute Primary Pneumonia Ophthalmia Neonatorum NOTIFIABLE DISEASE Pulmonary Tuberculosis Paratyphoid Fever ... Other Tuberculosis ... Influenzal Pneumonia Cérebro-spinal Fever Puerperal Pyrexia Polio-Encephalitis Total Whooping Cough A/Poliomyelititis Pood Poisoning Enteric Fever Chicken-Pox Diphtheria Erysipelas Scarlatina Dysentery

TABLE III.

Registrar General's Statistics, 1949.

AREA: MIDDLESBROUGH COUNTY BOROUGH.

Estimated Mid-Year Resident Population—145,050.

(2)			Live Births allocated to Borough	Still Births allocated to Borough
Total				
Legitimate and	Males	• •	1,581	33
Illegitimate	Females		1,496	29
Illegitimate	Males		110	3
	Females		88	2

(3) Notifiable Infectious Diseases.

Number of cases notified during the 52 weeks ended 31st December, 1949.

Cerebro- Spinal Fever.	Scarlet Fever	Whooping Cough.	Diphtheria.	Erysipelas.	Measles.	Smallpox.	Pneumonia.	Puerperal Pyrexia.	Typhoid.	Para- Typhoid.	Total	
4	131	533	36	28	2,093	• •	194	51	1	6	3,077	

(4) Areal Comparability Factor—1.22.

TABLE IV.

Deaths registered in the Borough during 1949

			ī										
	AGES AT DEATH												
CAUSE OF I	At all ages	under one year		and under 3 yrs.	3 and under 4 yrs.	4 and under 5 yrs.	5 and under 10 yrs	10 and under 15 yrs.	15 and under 20 yrs.	20 and under 25 yrs.	25 and under 35 yrs.		
All Causes Certified . Uncertified	٠	• •	2047	221	15	9	6	5	16	9	2 0	3 2	51
	M	F.											
Enteric Fever													
Smallpox									• •	• •	• •	• •	• •
Measles	1		1 1	1			1	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •
Scarlet Fever					• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •
Whooping Cough	2	2	4	3	• •	7	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •
Dinhthonia	2	1	3		7	1	• •	• •		• •	• •	• •	• •
Influence	13	9	$\frac{5}{22}$	• •	1	1	• •	• •	1	• •	• •		
One ambalitie Tathani			1 1	• •	• • [• •	1		• •				
Maniana and M. C. 111		1	1	• •	• •	• •	• •						
Tuberculosis of Respiratory		2	2	• •	• •	1	1						
	(***		100										
System	66	42	108	• •	• •		1				5	12	17
Other Tuberculous Diseases	9	13	22	1	1	2	1	3	3	2	2	1	2
Cancer, Malignant Disease	159	136	295						1	1	3	1	6
Rheumatic Fever	1	2	3						2		1		
Diabetes	6	7	13									1	
Cerebral Haemorrhage, etc.	95	109	204	5								1	2
Heart Disease	328	287	615	1							3	· ·	1
Arterio-Sclerosis	31	16	47							• •		-	1
Bronchitis	48	21	69	2				• •	• •		• •	• •	• •
Pneumonia	20	19	39	5	• •	1	• •	* *		• •		1	2
Broncho	14	24	68	29	3	1	• •	• •	• •		1	• •	* •
Other Respiratory Diseases	14	6	20		3	1	• •	• •	1	• •	•	1	• •
Ulcer of Stomach or	1.4	0	20	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	1		1
The sales are a sa	22	5	27							j			
Dia muh man aha		1		1	• •	• •		• •	• •			1	
•	42	36	78	72	3	• •			1				
Appendicitis and Typhlitis	4	4	8	• •						1		1	2
Cirrhosis of Liver	2	• •	2										
Acute and Chronic Nephritis	13	16	2 9	1				1				2	4
Puerperal Sepsis													
Other Accidents and Diseases												• •	• •
of Pregnancy & Parturition		·Ł	4										3
Congenital Debility and Mal-										• •	• •	• •	O)
formation, Premature Birth	37	35	72	71					1				
Suicide	12	2	14		• •	• •	• •	• •	1	• •	• •	• •	• •
Other Deaths from Violence	14	20	64	8	9	• •	1		• •	• •			4
Other defined diseases	105	88	193	18	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$		1	• •	4	3	3	2	4
Causes ill-defined or unknown	2	6	8	1		2	1		2	2	3	6	3
leen).ilia	7	3		1	• •	• •	• •	• •			• •		
Paratrolinid (D)		Ĭ	10	5	• •	• •	• •	• •					
Polio on conholitia	1		1	• •		• •		1					
Polio-encephalitis	• •	1	1	• •						• •		1	• •
Total	1130	917	2047	221	15	9	6	5	16	9	20	32	51

classified according to Ages and Wards.

				tions		Nu	ımb	er of	Dea	aths	and	Dea	th I		in	each	Wa	rd in	n th	е Во	roug	gh	
35 and under 45 yrs.	45 and under 55 yrs. 210	55 and under 65 yrs. 329	65 yrs. and over	Deaths in Public Institutions	Acklam	Ayresome	Cannon	Chairville.	Cleveland	Crescent.	Exchange	Gresham.	Grove Hill	Linthorpe	Newport	North Ormesby	Park.	St. Hilda's	Thorntree	Tollesby	Whinney Banks	Non-Residents	Totals
27 25 25 1 5 16 3 3 4 2 6 10 1	22 2 54		13 1 137 7 137 442 42 36 20 22 7 6 1 3 2 9 15 88 4 3	1 3 3 4 2 49 20 119 3 6 57 125 23 27 23 36 10 21 74 8 2 18 4 126 4 1		7 10 11 32 2 3 2 1 1 2 5 1 1	3 7 2 14 17 25 4 7 10 1 3 16 1 1	1 4 3 2 4 1			10 30 3 3 1 4 3 2 7 1 3 2 1 4 12		1		2 3 1 6 1	1 2 1 3 1 2 8 3 4	3 1 18 1 14 38 2 6 3 1 1 1 1 1 	12 2 3 2			3 3		108 22 295 3 13 204 615 47 69 39 68 20 27 78 8 2 29
113	210	329	1011	805		 85	126	1111	115	111	107	114	73	79	113	153	112	170	90	55	77	292	2047

REGISTERED DEATHS FROM STATED CAUSES AT VARIOUS AGES UNDER 1 YEAR. TABLE V.-INFANTILE MORTALITY-1949.

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3-4 weeks	:	:		•	: :	:	:	:		:	:	:			-	: :	:-	·	• 6	:: :::	-	:		:	:			:		• •	t	-
5-3 weeks	1-	•	:	•								4		· G	21				: 1		4	:	:			: :		:		•	ŀ	,
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TABLE VI.-PREMATURE INFANTS.

Return for year ended 31st December, 1949.

Number of premature infants (i.e. babies weighing 5½ lbs. or less at birth; still births should be excluded) notified during the year whose mother is normally resident in the Authority's area, who were born:—

(i) at home 90.

(ii) in hospital or nursing home .. 168.

(5)

			Born at Home.	Home.					Born in	Private	Born in Private Nursing Home *	fome *		
		H	Nursed entirely at Home.	sirely at	Home.				Nursed	entirely i	Nursed entirely in Private Nursing Home	Nursing	Home	mana —
	Trans- ferred to Hospital	Died in first 24 hrs.	Died between 2nd & 8th day	Died betw'n 8th & 28th day	Sur- vived 28 days	Total	Grand Total	Trans-ferred to Hospital	Died in first 24 hrs.	Died between 2nd & 8th day	Died betw'en 8th & 28th day	Sur- vived 28 days	Total	Grand Total
	(1)	(3)	(3)	(7)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8)	(6)	(01)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Under 3 lbs	4	ा			•	4	∞	•	•		•	•	•	
3 — 4 lbs	၁	7	П	က	ಸಾ	13	19	•	٠	*	:	•	•	•
$4 - 5\frac{1}{2}$ lbs	⇔ 1	-	•		59	61	63	•	•	٠	:	-] 1	-1	<u>-</u> ,
Total	12	7	23	5	79	78	90	•	•	•	٠	4	**	7

* Including Maternity Homes not in the National Health Service and Mother and Baby Homes,

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936.

VII.—Summary of Births notified to the Medical Officer of Health during the year 1949. TABLE

No. of Births ged excluding still-births	Titlon 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
11. Els	है प्रमुख्यालय प्रियम् । जाति द		
Still-	F. 21 121 121 31 144 11 15 35 33		
ađ	M. 12 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8		
Total including Still- births	F. 130 23 23 23 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25		
ine	M. 74 110 1105 1105 62 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 110	198	3 (38
c	F. 12		
Dec.	M. 122 3 12 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1	10 184	1 66
Ŀ.	10 11 16 1 20 1 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	10.00	
Nov.	M. 64 54 56 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66	15 228 -	2-6
	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3	~~~	
Oct.	M. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	25.68	254
÷	F	55.00	
Sept.	M. 66 M. 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 12	13 285	298
à°.			
Aug.		16 279	295
Δ.	F. 122 123 124 125 125 126 127 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128	02.10	
July	K 100 10	336	358
Φ	F. 123 23 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25		
June	M. 22888 22888 22888 2388 2388 2388 2388	9 241	250
Þς	F		
May	M. 11 12 12 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	$\frac{18}{269}$	287
=	H 18 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
April	M. 120 100 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	20 302	531
d.	F. 100 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 11		
March	M. 66 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115	20	297
:	F. 11		
Feb.	H. 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	16	250
	F. 22 144 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	0.7	
Jan.	M. 3 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	222	281
			:
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	by: es m, etc	
WARDS	Acklam Ayresome Cannon Clairville Cleveland Crescent Exchange Gresham Grove Hill Linthorpe Newport North Ormesby Park St. Hilda's Thorntree Tollesby Whinney Banks Non-Residents	rths notified by: Doctors Reg. Midwives Other Women, etc.	Totals
	Ackl. Ayre Cann Clair Cleve Cresc Exch Groy Lintl New North Park St. E Thor Tollee Whim Non-	Birth Do Re Oth	

TABLE VIII.

Public Health (Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1930.

PART 1.—Summary of Notifications during the period from the 1st January, 1949, to the 31st December, 1949, in the area of the County Borough.

		Vin	a hove	of Daily				tifica		C	CE	1	
AGE PERIODS.	0	1—	ber c	5—			-	-	1	1		1	
Respiratory, Males	1	1	9	14	1	5	15	21	22	20	15	5	129
Respiratory, Females		1	9	10	11	26	28	31	19	3			138
Non-Respiratory, Males			1	1	2		1		1				6
Non-Respiratory, Females		1	6	5	3	4	2	7		1			29

PART II.—New Cases of Tuberculosis coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health during the above-mentioned period, otherwise than by formal notification.

Tormar	Hourication								•							
SOURCE							Num	ber o	of Ca	ses i	n Ag	e Gr	oups.			
INFORMATION			0-	1—	2	5—	10-	15—	20-	25-	35—	45-	55-	65—	75—	TOTAL
	Respiratory	\mathbf{M}								1		2	1	5	1	10 (A)
Death Returns from Local	respiratory	F			1				1	1	1		1		• •	5 (B)
Dogiatron	Non-	М			1					1		1				3 (C)
	Respiratory	F											1	1		2 (D)
Death Returns	Respiratory	M														(A)
from Registrar- General (Trans-	roopnatory	F														(B)
ferable deaths)	Non-	M														(C)
	Respiratory	F												1		1 (D)
	Respiratory	M														(A)
Posthumous Notifications		F									. ,					(B)
	Non-	М														(C)
	Respiratory	F														(D)
"Transfers" from	Respiratory	М						1	1	2	2		3	1		10 (A)
Other Areas (excluding	- "	F			1				1	3	1					6 (B)
transferable deaths)	Non-	M														(C)
	Respiratory	F					1									1 (D)
	Respiratory	М													• •	(A)
Other Sources		F													•••	(B)
	Non-	М													• •	(C)
	Respiratory	F														(D)
												LIVADA	1 . 1	/ A \		0/)

TOTALS (A) 20 (B) 11 (C) 3 (D) 4

112

TABLE 1X.

Cancer.

DEATH RATES PER 1,000

Year		Mic	ddlesbrough	England and Wales:
1940		 	1.56	1.72
1941	• •	 	1.74	1.78
1942		 	1.75	1.83
1943		 	1.86	1.98
1944	• •	 	1.49	1.89
1945		 	1.68	1.94
1946		 	1.86	1.84
1947		 	1.92	1.85
1948		 	1.61	1.85
1949		 	1.71	1.87

TABLE X.

Deaths from Cancer.

AGE DISTRIBUTION.

At ages	Male	Female	Total
1 to 5 years	 • •	• •	
5 to 45 years	 16	14	30
45 to 65 years	 57	47	104
65 and over	 62	52	114
		distribution distribution dep	
Total	 135	113	248.

TABLE XI.

1949.—Ward Population, Area, Density, Births, Deaths, With Birth, Death and Infant Mortality Rates.

Deaths Under 1 year	per 1,000 Live Births.	24	55	86	10	44	34	54	29	39	34	53	55	29	75	78	45	18	51
Natural Rate of Increase	Population	2.63	6.19	18.71		10.69	0.57	10.95	2.77	11.00	1.06	18.32	10.65	5.52	18.09	6.10	9.09	98.6	9.13
Deaths	Rate Per 1,000 Pop.	7.63	12.26	16.96	12.25	13.96	13.20	12.20	13.18	9.78	10.47	13.72	13.81	10.65	8.02	10.16	18.93	8.71	12.08
Dee	Total	6.1	85	126	1111	115	114	107	114	73	42	113	153	112	06	55	171	77	1,752
Births (Live)	Rate Per 1,000 Pop.	10.26	18.45	35.67	11.48	24.65	13.77	23.15	15.95	20.78	11.53	32.04	24.46	16.17	26.11	16.26	28.02	18.57	21.21
Births	Total.	82	128	265	104	203	119	203	138	155	87	264	271	170	253	293	88	164	3,077
Persons Per Acre	7 7 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79	92.9	19.60	99.05	53.64	104.21	73.20	89.48	118.50	11.74	29.92	93.62	61.26	32.76	8.46	5.63	10.35	28.50	20.34
Area in		1,218	354	75	169	7.9	118	86	73	635	252	88	181	321	1,326	962	872	310	7,131
Est. Popula-		7,994	6,937	7,429	9,066	8,233	8,638	8,768	8,650	7,456	7,540	8,239	11,089	10,515	11,220	5,413	9,031	8,832	145,050
		:	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	:	•
				٠		:			:				•	:		•			•
			٠				•				•		esby	:		•	•	Banks	ough
WARDS.		Acklam	Ayresome	Cannon	Clairville	Cleveland	Crescent	Exchange	Gresham	Grove Hill	Linthorpe	Newport	North Ormesby	Park	Thorntree	Tollesby	St. Hilda's	Whinney B	County Borough

Rate per 1,000 Total Births. 4.35 MATERNAL DEATHS. Total Sepsis Other Number დ 1 α 5 α α α α α Rate per 1,000 Live Firths. TOTAL INFANT DEATHS. 4 Weeks

12

Months. Under 4 Weeks. Rate per 1,000 Est. Pop'n. 15.10 15.00 14.26 13.35 113.17 113.22 112.23 113.80 113.80 113.06 14.08 13.04 12.70 12.35 12.77 14.13 14.07 12.96 DEATHS. Number (,760 (,954 (,863 (,883 (,881 (,987 (,987 (,987 (,987 (,987 (,987 (,987 (,988 (,986 (,987 Rate per 1,000 Total Births. $\begin{array}{c} 42.90 \\ 42.90 \\ 42.14 \\ 51.03 \end{array}$ 51.6248.31 40.60 37.90 49.30 $\begin{array}{c} 46.10 \\ 35.20 \\ 20.83 \\ 21.38 \\ 22.43 \end{array}$ 34.10 31.3429.40 23.81 19.75 STILL BIRTHS. Number Rate per 1,000 Est. Pop'n. 19.50 19.80 18.50 20.60 20.90 19.92 20.73 22.58 20.92 24.67 BIRTHS 26.53 21.36 20.46 19.07 19.69 20.25 18.50 LIVE Number 2,749 2,836 2,589 2,719 2,765 2,583 2,583 2,679 2,6592,468 2,5382,867 2,6913,3983,6313,321 3,077Populäsion. HSt. 140,000 139,600 139,800139,900 129,800 126,100 123,900 126,920 137,730 122,400 128,620 140,000 139,500 140,000 139,556 140,460 1 EAR 1941 19421931 1932 1933 1934 1936 1937 1940 1943 1945 1946 1935 1938 1939 1944 1947

STATISTICS FOR 1930-1949.

COMPARATIVE

XII.

TABLE

TABLE XIII.

Summary of Register of Blind Persons, 1949.

No. of Cases on Register at 31.12.48	No. of New Cases	Death Rem	o. of ns and ovals of area		o. of Cases ertified	No. of Carrell Regist 31.12	er at
290	42	4	.2		9	287	7
Analysis of	F REGISTER.			at 1st		at 31st 194	
Children :— Under 5 years	s of age			M.	F.	M.	F.
5—15 years o	f age :						
At School Not at Sch	1			(j · ·	1	3	1
Adults over 16 yrs. o Under Trai Not Trainin Employed		 able itute		.) .)	• •	6 2	
or else				25	6	30	5
Old age Pensioners v supplementary s	vith assistance			93	86	89	90
Dependants .				2	12	2	14
Widow's Pension .	• • •			• •	10		12
Others				28	14	19	14
T	OTAL			161	129	151	136
4 P				М.	F.	M.	F.
Age Periods:— 0—5 yrs. 5—16 yrs. 16—21 yrs. 21—40 yrs. 40—50 yrs. 50—60 yrs. 60—65 yrs. 65—70 yrs. 70—80 yrs. 80—90 yrs. 90 and over				6 8 18 19 18 20 19 41 11	1 1 12 6 15 17 20 39 16 2	3 4 22 16 17 19 15 38 15	1 1 11 7 15 12 20 46 22 1
T	OTAL .]	161	129	151	136

TABLE XIV.

I. PARTICULARS OF MENTAL DEFECTIVES AS ON 1st JANUARY, 1950.

	Number of Ascertained Mental "Subject to be dealt v	Defective with '':—	s Found	to be	M	F.	T
(a)	In Institutions (including cases	(Under	16 years	of age	29	9 11	1 4
` /	on licence therefrom)	Aged 1	l6 years a	nd over	90	49	13
(b)	Under Guardianship (including cases on licence therefrom)	≺	16 years a	of age			
(e)		· Aged 1	·· years a	nd over			
(d)	Under Statutory Supervision	*	16 years	_	25	27	5
	(excluding cases on licence)	(Aged 1	6 years a	ad over	166	141	30
(e)	Action not yet taken under any	one of the	above he	adings			
	Total ascertained cases found to	be "subje	ct to be d	ealt with "	310	$\frac{}{229}$	 53
	No. of cases included in (b) to (e) removal to an Institution	above awa		м. г. т. 28 30 58			
(2)	Number of Mental Defectives be dealt with, "but over who supervision is maintained.	not at prome	esent "S	ubject to			
	supervision is maintained:		IOLIII OI	voluntary			
	supervision is maintained:—		16 years				
	- maintaineu :	Under Aged 1		of age	• •		
	L number of mental defectives (Under Aged 1	16 years	of age	310	229	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Тота	- maintaineu :	Under Aged 1	16 years 6 years a	of age nd over	310	229	539
Tota (3)	al number of mental defectives ()	Under Aged 1 1) plus (2) ecciving Tr	16 years a graining:—	of age	310	229	
(3) (a)	Number of Mental Defectives (in day-training centres	Under Aged 1 1) plus (2) ecciving Tr	16 years a gaining:	of age		7 2	 539 18
(3) (a)	AL number of mental defectives () Number of Mental Defectives Re	Under Aged 1 1) plus (2) ecciving Tr	16 years a graining:—	of age	11	7 2	

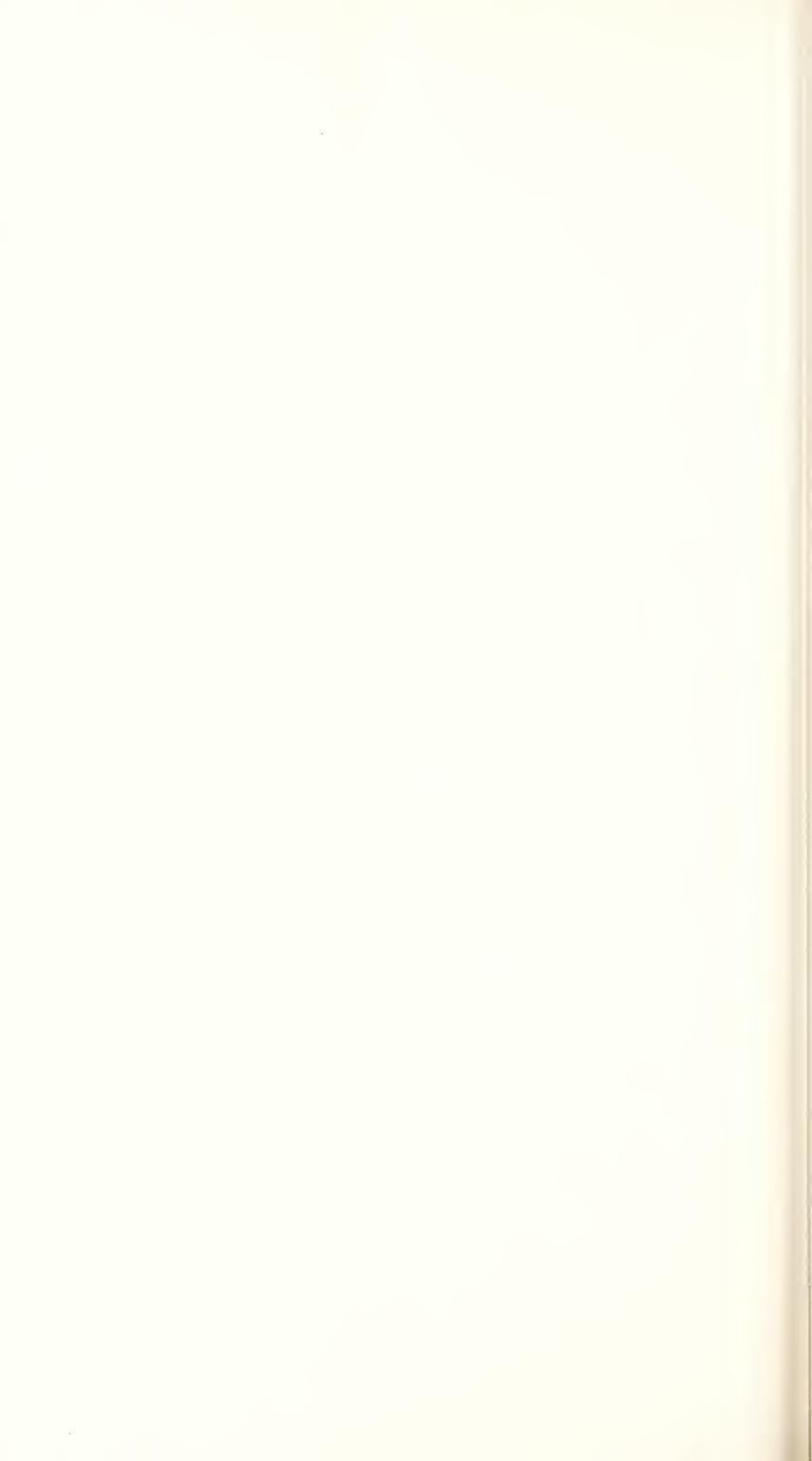
II. PARTICULARS OF CASES REPORTED DURING THE YEAR 1949.

	TAI	THOULARS OF CASES REPORTED DURING THE YEAR 19	49.		
(1		Scertainment. Cases reported by Local Education Authorities (Section 57,	м.	F.	Т.
	(-)	Education Act, 1944):— (i) Under Section 57 (3)	8	10	18
		(ii) Under Section 57 (5):—	2	1	3
	(b)	Other ascertained defectives reported during 1949 and found to be "subject to be dealt with"	3	2	
	(c)	Total ascertained defectives found to be "subject to be dealt with "during the year	13	13	26
	(0)	Other reported cases ascertained during 1949, who are not at present "subject to be dealt with"	1		1
		Total number of cases reported during the year	14	13	27
(9)	ת י	isposal of aggas reported during the man			
	(a)	isposal of cases reported during the year. Ascertained defectives found to be "subject to be dealt with"			
		(i) Admitted to Institutions	2	1	3
		(ii) Placed under Guardianship			
		(iii) Taken to "places of safety"			
		(iv) Placed under Statutory Supervision	11	12	23
		(v) Died or removed from area			
		(vi) Action not yet taken	• •	• •	
		Total ascertained defectives found to be "subject to be dealt with" (to agree with the total of (1) (a) and (1) (b) above)	13	13	26
	(b)	Cases not at present subject to be dealt with			
		(i) Placed under Voluntary Supervision			
		(11) Later found not to be defective			
		(III) Died or removed from area			
		(iv) Action unnecssary			
		(iv) Action unnecssary	1		1
		Total cases not at present "subject to be dealt with"			
		(to agree with the numbers entered under (1) (c) above)	1		1
III.	CC	IMBER OF MENTAL DEFECTIVES IN INSTITUTIONS OMMUNITY CARE INCLUDING VOLUNTARY SUPERVISION PLACES OF SAFETY 'ON 1st JANUARY, 1949, WHO HAVE BE UNDER ANY OF THESE FORMS OF CARE DUR	N (E C)	EAS	IN ED
IV.	OF TH	THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MENTAL DEFECTIVES KNIE LOCAL HEALTH AUTHORITY.	10 W	N	TO
		(a) Number who have given birth to children during 1949:—			
		(i) After marriage	3		
			• • •		
	(b)	Number who have married during 1949	Nil		

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